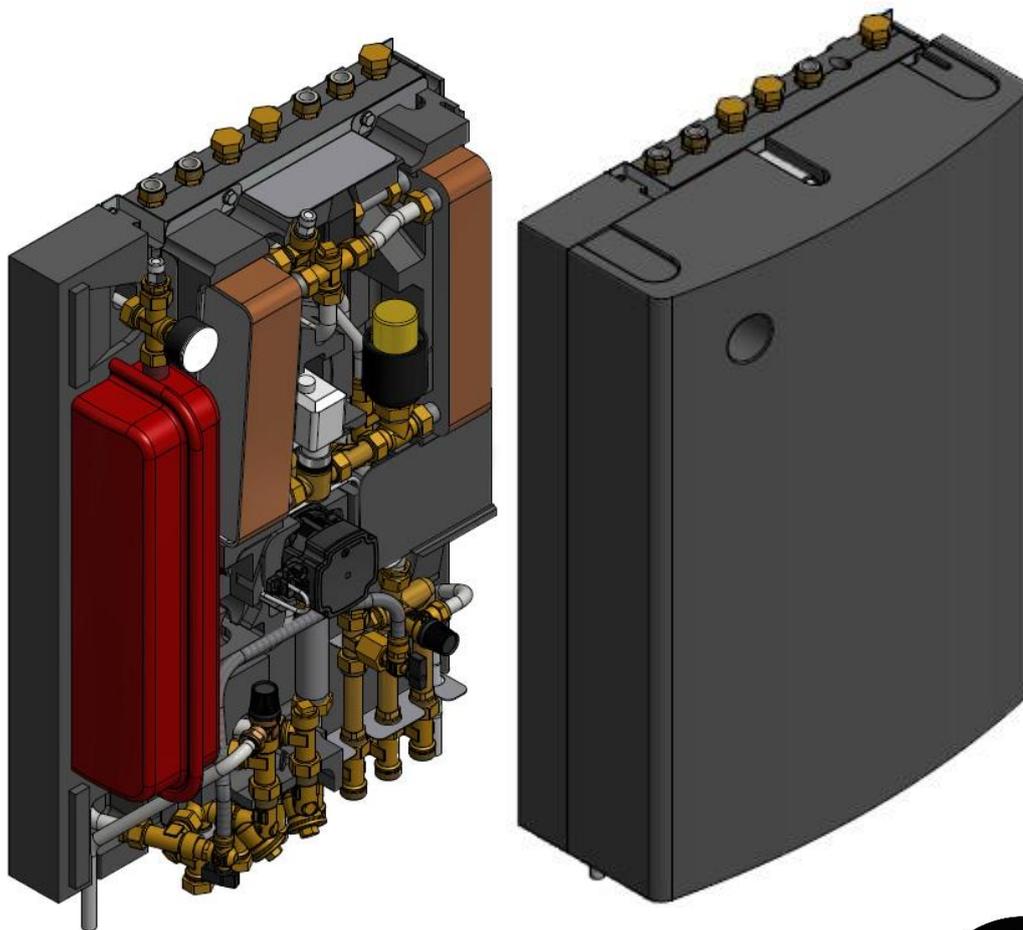


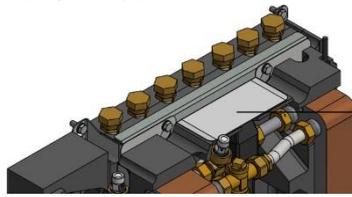
Installation, service and operating instruction Cetetherm Mini ECO

Heating & domestic hot water substation for apartments and single family houses



For additional on-line information, latest version of this manual please scan the qr-code or use the link <https://www.cetetherm.com/minieco>.

QR-code:



Cetetherm		Cetetherm Mini Eco		
Cetetherm Mini Eco		Man No	xxxxxx	
		Part No	xxxxxx	
		Man Year	2018	
Design pressure	PS bar	Primary	Heating	DHW
Design temp	TS °C	0/16	0/50	0/50
Design temp	TS °C	0/120	0/90	0/90
Leakage test	bar	2	2	2
Volume	V L	-	-	-
Safety valve release pres	bar	2.5	9	
Capacity	kWh			
Temp range	°C			
Electrical conn	230V, 1-			
Fluid group	2, FCEC 2014/68/EU art 4.3			
Manufacturer Cetetherm AB, Ronneby, Sweden				



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Cetetherm can without further notice make changes and improvements to the content in this manual if it is necessary due to printing mistakes, wrong information or changes in the hardware or software.

All these types of changes will be included in future release of the manual.

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1 General information

Cetetherm Mini ECO is a complete, ready-to-install heating network HIU for hot water and heating. It is designed for buildings with a connection to a heating network.

Cetetherm has years of experience in heating network technology and has developed Cetetherm Mini ECO with well-planned pipe work and with all components easily accessible for inspection and future servicing.

1.1 Comfort

Cetetherm Mini ECO has fully-automatic temperature control for heating and hot water. The hot water is controlled and maintained at the desired temperature.

The heating circuit is controlled in relation to outdoor temperature and/or desired room temperature by means of a controller and temperature sensor.

1.2 Installation

Read this manual before installing the HIU.

Compact dimensions, light weight, well arranged plumbing and factory-complete internal wiring – all make installation very simple. A pre-programmed control unit and a power cable already fitted with a plug make things even simpler to allow immediate start-up.

Mini ECO is designed for hanging on wall and is mounted on an insulated frame and includes an insulated cover. Better insulation means less energy usage and better energy efficiency.

1.3 Long-term security

The heat exchanger plates and all piping are manufactured in acid-resistant stainless steel. All components are closely matched and carefully tested for function in accordance with quality assurance system ISO9001:2015.

For future servicing requirements, all components are accessible and individually replaceable.

1.4 CE-marking

Cetetherm Mini ECO follows the rules and legislation specified in the Declaration of Conformity. To maintain the validity of the CE marking, only identical replacement parts must be used.

1.5 Information about the document

All pictures in this document are general images.

Mini ECO is available in different models and levels of equipment.

1.6 General warnings

	The installation work must be carried out by an authorized installation contractor. Before the system is taken into operation, it must be pressure tested in accordance with relevant regulations.
	The temperature and the pressure of the primary heating water are very high. Only qualified technicians are allowed to work with the HIU. Incorrect operation may cause serious personal injury and result in damage to the building.
	If the hot water temperature is set too high, people may be scalded. If the hot water temperature is set too low, unwanted bacteriological growth may occur in the hot water system. This can result in serious personal injury.
	Parts of the HIU may get very hot and should not be touched.
	When starting up the HIU: To avoid the risk of scalding, make sure that no-one draws any hot water until the hot water temperature has been adjusted.
	Start heating circulation by first opening the valves in the heating media supply and then return lines, in order to avoid pollutions in the system. Open the valves slowly to avoid pressure surges. Then open heat return and then supply .
	Before the HIU is connected to the electrical supply, make sure that the heating system is topped up with water. Starting up the system without water will damage the circulation pump.
	The HIU comes prepared with an electrical plug to be connected to the main supply. If necessary, the plug-and-socket connection can be replaced with a permanent installation with an all-pole isolate switch. This must be carried out by a qualified electrician.

2 Operating instructions

2.1 General operation

The temperature and pressure of the incoming heating network water are very high. The heat from the heating network water is transferred to the heating and hot water systems of the building in the heat exchangers. The heat is transferred through thin plates of acid-resistant stainless steel which keep the heating network water separate from the systems in the building.

Mini ECO has automatic temperature control for hot water. This measures the temperature of the hot water in the heat exchanger and automatically controls the primary flow.

The hot water temperature is controlled by a temperature control system which is set to about 50 °C. If the temperature is set too high, there is a risk of scalding. Setting the hot water temperature too low may result in unwanted bacteriological growth in the hot water system.

The heating circuit is controlled in relation to outdoor temperature and/or desired room temperature by means of a room thermostat or outdoor temperature sensor (option) or via a universal input.

When no heating flow is required, the heating circulation pump stops automatically, but is run occasionally to prevent seizing up due to standing still for a long time.

After adjustment, the Mini ECO operates completely automatically. However, in hard water areas it is advisable to be attentive and to remedy any faults in good time if the temperature of the hot water is too high; otherwise the risk of lime deposits in the heat exchanger may increase.

The energy supplier registers the use of energy. Measurement is done by recording the flow of heating network medium through the system, and by measuring the temperature difference between the medium's supply and return flow.

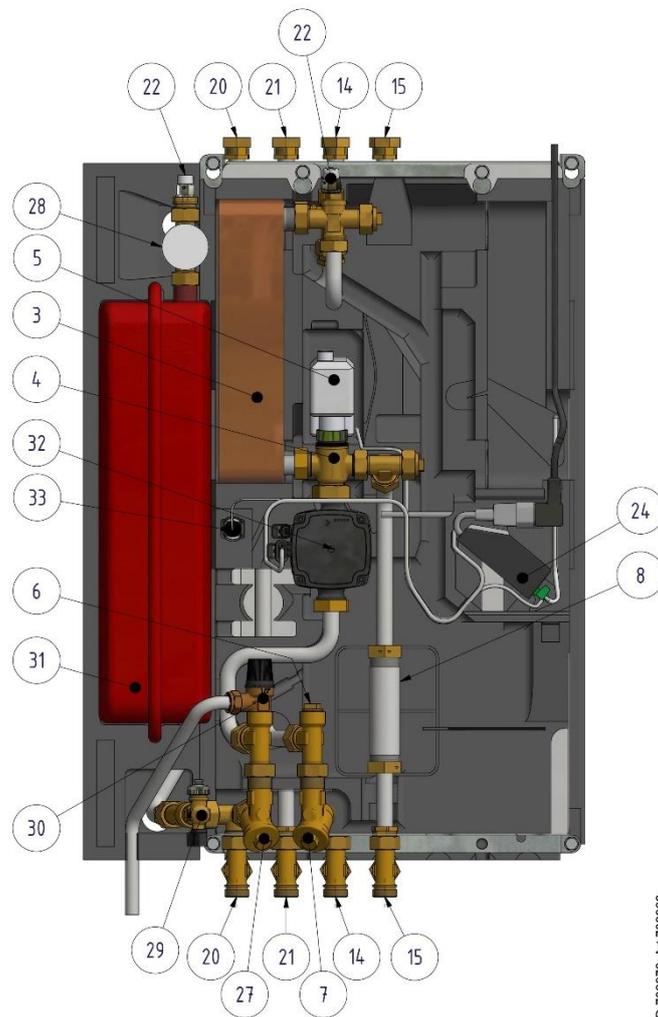
2.2 Safety equipment/inspection

- Daily inspection to check for leaks from pipes or components.
- Weekly inspection to make sure that the operation of the heating and hot water control systems is stable and that the temperature does not fluctuate. Temperature hunting causes unnecessary wear of valves, thermostats and heat exchangers.
- Every three months check the safety valves and the pressure in the heating system.

To check the operation of a safety valve, turn its wheel/knob until water escapes from the waste pipe of the valve, then close the wheel/knob quickly. Occasionally a safety valve may open automatically to release excess pressure. After a safety valve has been open it is important that it closes properly and does not drip.

3 Product overview

3.1 Product overview Mini ECO F1

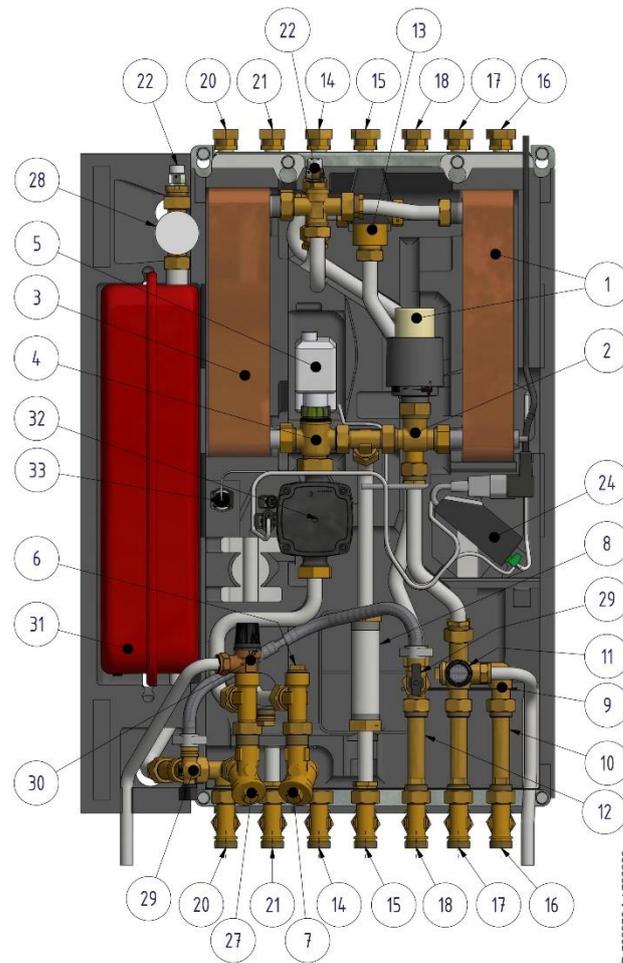


Picture 1

3.	Heat exchanger for heating	24.	Connection box for electric power and sensors, heating circuit
4.	Control valve, heating circuit	25.	Room thermostat/control panel *
5.	Actuator, heating circuit	26.	Outdoor temperature sensor (option) *
6.	Temperature sensor connection, heating media supply	27.	Filter heating circuit
7.	Filter for heating media	28.	Pressure gauge for heating circuit
8.	Adapter for energy meter	29.	Filling valve
14.	Heating network media, supply (primary inlet)	30.	Safety valve for heating circuit
15.	Heating network media, return (primary return)	31.	Expansion vessel heating circuit
20.	Heating circuit, return	32.	Circulation pump, heating circuit
21.	Heating circuit, supply	33.	Supply temperature sensor, heating circuit
22.	Air vent valve	34.	Valve kit (option) *

*) not shown in picture

3.2 Product overview Mini ECO F2

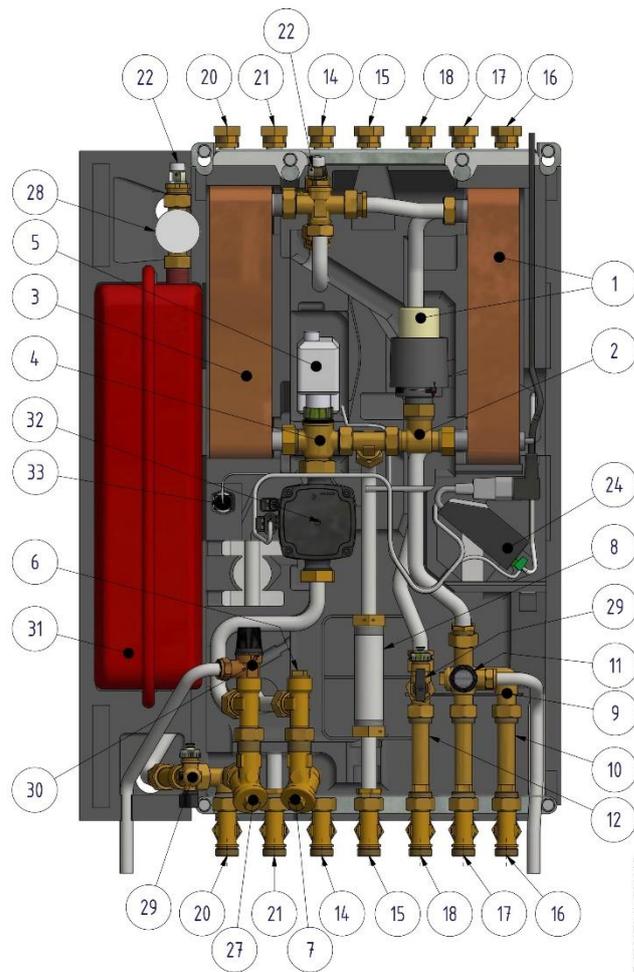


Picture 2

1.	Heat exchanger and temperature controller for hot water	17.	Cold water outlet (cw)
2.	Control valve for hot water	18.	Hot water (hw)
3.	Heat exchanger for heating	20.	Heating circuit, return
4.	Control valve, heating circuit	21.	Heating circuit, supply
5.	Actuator, heating circuit	22.	Air vent valve
6.	Temperature sensor connection, heating media supply	24.	Connection box for electric power and sensors, heating circuit
7.	Filter for heating media	25.	Room thermostat/control panel *
8.	Adapter for energy meter	26.	Outdoor temperature sensor (option) *
9.	Check valve for cold water	27.	Filter heating circuit
10.	Adapter for Cold water flow meter	28.	Pressure gauge for heating circuit
11.	Safety valve for domestic hot water	29.	Filling valve
12.	Adapter for Hot water flow meter	30.	Safety valve for heating circuit
13.	Safety temperature limiter hot water	31.	Expansion vessel heating circuit
14.	Heating network media, supply (primary inlet)	32.	Circulation pump, heating circuit
15.	Heating network media, return (primary return)	33.	Supply temperature sensor, heating circuit
16.	Cold water (cw)	34.	Valve kit (option) *

*) not shown in picture

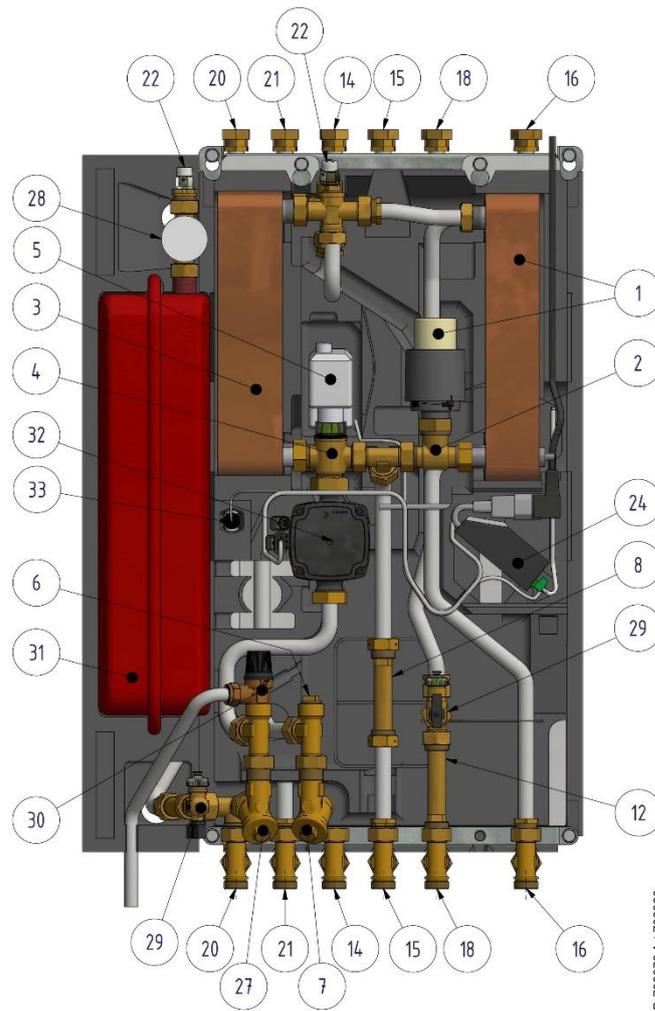
3.3 Product overview Mini ECO F3



Picture 3

1.	Heat exchanger and temperature controller for hot water	18.	Hot water (hw)
2.	Control valve for hot water	20.	Heating circuit, return
3.	Heat exchanger for heating	21.	Heating circuit, supply
4.	Control valve, heating circuit	22.	Air vent valve
5.	Actuator, heating circuit	24.	Connection box for electric power and sensors, heating circuit
6.	Temperature sensor connection, heating media supply	25.	Room thermostat/control panel *
7.	Filter for heating media	26.	Outdoor temperature sensor (option) *
8.	Adapter for energy meter	27.	Filter heating circuit
9.	Check valve for cold water	28.	Pressure gauge for heating circuit
10.	Adapter for Cold water flow meter	29.	Filling valve
11.	Safety valve for domestic hot water	30.	Safety valve for heating circuit
12.	Adapter for Hot water flow meter	31.	Expansion vessel heating circuit
14.	Heating network media, supply (primary inlet)	32.	Circulation pump, heating circuit
15.	Heating network media, return (primary return)	33.	Supply temperature sensor, heating circuit
16.	Cold water (cw)	34.	Valve kit (option) *
17.	Cold water outlet (cw)		*) not shown in picture

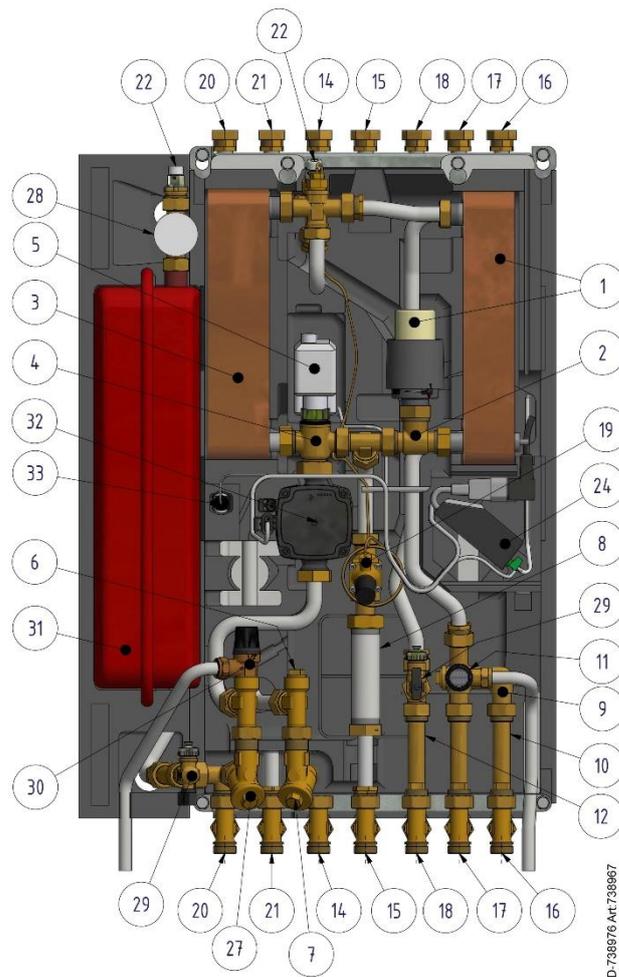
3.4 Product overview Mini ECO F4



Picture 4

1.	Heat exchanger and temperature controller for hot water	21.	Heating circuit, supply
2.	Control valve for hot water	22.	Air vent valve
3.	Heat exchanger for heating	24.	Connection box for electric power and sensors, heating circuit
4.	Control valve, heating circuit	25.	Room thermostat/control panel *
5.	Actuator, heating circuit	26.	Outdoor temperature sensor (option) *
6.	Temperature sensor connection, heating media supply	27.	Filter heating circuit
7.	Filter for heating media	28.	Pressure gauge for heating circuit
8.	Adapter for energy meter	29.	Filling valve
12.	Adapter for Hot water flow meter	30.	Safety valve for heating circuit
14.	Heating network media, supply (primary inlet)	31.	Expansion vessel heating circuit
15.	Heating network media, return (primary return)	32.	Circulation pump, heating circuit
16.	Cold water (cw)	33.	Supply temperature sensor, heating circuit
18.	Hot water (hw)	34.	Valve kit (option) *
20.	Heating circuit, return		*) not shown in picture

3.5 Product overview Mini ECO F5

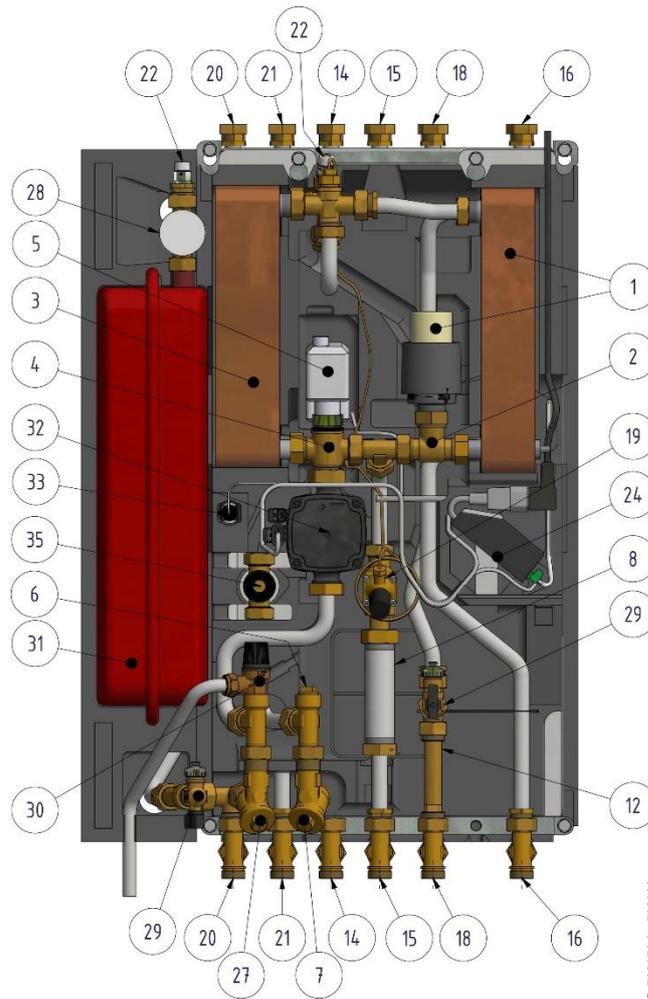


Picture 5

1.	Heat exchanger and temperature controller for hot water	18.	Hot water (hw)
2.	Control valve for hot water	19.	Differential pressure controller
3.	Heat exchanger for heating	20.	Heating circuit, return
4.	Control valve, heating circuit	21.	Heating circuit, supply
5.	Actuator, heating circuit	22.	Air vent valve
6.	Temperature sensor connection, heating media supply	24.	Connection box for electric power and sensors, heating circuit
7.	Filter for heating media	25.	Room thermostat/control panel *
8.	Adapter for energy meter	26.	Outdoor temperature sensor (option) *
9.	Check valve for cold water	27.	Filter heating circuit
10.	Adapter for Cold water flow meter	28.	Pressure gauge for heating circuit
11.	Safety valve for domestic hot water	29.	Filling valve
12.	Adapter for Hot water flow meter	30.	Safety valve for heating circuit
14.	Heating network media, supply (primary inlet)	31.	Expansion vessel heating circuit
15.	Heating network media, return (primary return)	32.	Circulation pump, heating circuit
16.	Cold water (cw)	33.	Supply temperature sensor, heating circuit
17.	Cold water outlet (cw)	34.	Valve kit (option) *

*) not shown in picture

3.6 Product overview Mini ECO F7



Picture 6

1.	Heat exchanger and temperature controller for hot water	21.	Heating circuit, supply
2.	Control valve for hot water	22.	Air vent valve
3.	Heat exchanger for heating	24.	Connection box for electric power and sensors, heating circuit
4.	Control valve, heating circuit	25.	Room thermostat/control panel *
5.	Actuator, heating circuit	26.	Outdoor temperature sensor (option) *
6.	Temperature sensor connection, heating media supply	27.	Filter heating circuit
7.	Filter for heating media	28.	Pressure gauge for heating circuit
8.	Adapter for energy meter	29.	Filling valve
12.	Adapter for Hot water flow meter	30.	Safety valve for heating circuit
14.	Heating network media, supply (primary inlet)	31.	Expansion vessel heating circuit
15.	Heating network media, return (primary return)	32.	Circulation pump, heating circuit
16.	Cold water (cw)	33.	Supply temperature sensor, heating circuit
18.	Hot water (hw)	34.	Valve kit (option) *
19.	Differential pressure controller	35.	Prepayment valve
20.	Heating circuit, return		

*) not shown in picture

4 Installation

4.1 Unpacking

- Remove the transport packaging and check that the product has not been damaged in transit and that the consignment agrees with the specifications.
- When lifting the unit take care not to apply stress to pipes and heat exchanger as this may weaken them. Avoid lifting the unit by holding the heat exchanger.

Note: Risk of injury lifting heavy objects.

4.2 Preparation

- Mini ECO must be placed on a wall, in upright position. Mount the unit using screws or bolts suitable for the material of the wall and for the weight of the unit.
- Choose a suitable installation area in accordance with official regulations. The HIU may generate sounds during operation caused by pumps, regulators systems, flows etc. This should be taken in consideration during installation of the unit so that possible operational sounds affect the surroundings as little as possible.
- Cetetherm recommends that the HIU is mounted on well-insulated walls, such as outer walls or on concrete walls.
- Check the applicable regulations of the primary heating supplier. The available differential pressure should be at least 50 kPa and at most 600 kPa.
- Where the differential pressure is higher, a differential pressure controller should be added to the installation.

4.2.1 Preparation UK market

- The maximum operating pressure for the heating 2,5 bar and for the DWH 5,5 bar.

4.3 Mounting the HIU

- Before mounting the HIU tighten the pipe connection *Heating network media, supply* and *Heating network media, return* with 45 Nm.
- Mount the HIU on the wall with four screws. Cetetherm recommends having 900 mm from floor to the HIU.
- Place gaskets on the valves and use hand power and fasten the nuts to the pipes on the HIU.
- Tighten with 45 Nm.
- Close all valves.
- Connect the pipe work to the valves.



The temperature and the pressure of the primary heating water are very high. **Only qualified technicians** can work with the HIU. Incorrect operation may cause serious personal injury and result in damage to the building.

- Energy meters see [3 Product overview](#), must be installed at a prepared location, replacing a gauge block, or following the instructions of the energy supplier.
- Mount the provided draining pipe to the safety valve on the cold water circuit.
- Connect a hose or a pipe from the safety valves to the floor gully.

4.4 Filling up the system

- Fill up the system with water by opening the valves on the first fix-jig.

Cetetherm Mini ECO

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The valves must be opened in the correct order in order to avoid pollutions in the system. Open the valves slowly to avoid pressure surges.

4.4.1 Filling up the tap water circuit

- Open the valves *Cold water*, *Cold water outlet* and *Hot water*.
- Open all water taps in the building to get rid of trapped air. Let them be open until all air is gone.

4.5 Filling up and bleeding the heating circuit

- Attach the long, provided filing hose between the filling valves, to fill up the heating circuit.
- Open the valves *Heating circuit return* and *Heating circuit supply*.
- Open the filling valves.
- Fill up the system until the manometer shows 1,6 Bar.
- Close the filling valves.
- Bleed the heating system via the air vent valves and at the heating systems draining places e.g. radiator valves.
- If the pressure is low after bleeding the system, open the filling valves and fill up to 1,6 Bar again.
- The first time the heating system is filled up, this procedure might have to be repeated several times.
- When the pressure is correct and the heating system is drained from air, remove the filling hose.

4.5.1 Connect to heating network

- Open the valves *Heating network media, supply* and *Heating network media, return*. Start with supply then return.
- When all connections are done and the all circuits are pressurized, look for leaks.
- If connections need retightening after the installation has been taken into service, the system must be depressurised. If the system is not depressurised, gaskets will be damaged.

4.6 Connecting the electrical equipment

- Remove the lid that covers the connection box and loosen the connection box from the insulation.



Picture 7

1	Universal input for connecting e.g. outdoor temperature sensor, flow switch, relay contact, strap
2	Room thermostat
3	Supply temperature sensor
4	Actuator, heating
5	Power cable adapter

- Install the room thermostat;
Room thermostat Round: see [4.11 Installing the room thermostat Round](#) or
Room thermostat CM737: see [4.12 Installing the control panel CM737](#).
- Connect the non-polarity contact from the room thermostat to the connection box. Carefully press the cable into the trail in the insulation.
- Mount the outdoor temperature sensor on the north side of the building, 2 metres above the ground, or higher. See [4.13 Installing the outdoor temperature sensor](#).

- Connect the non-polarity contact from the outdoor temperature sensor to the connection box. Carefully press the cable into the trail in the insulation.
- Connect the correct power cable to connection box and press the box and cable into the trail in the insulation.
- Place the lid over the connection box.
- Put the electrical cable into a wall outlet.
See [4.14 Starting up sequence for Mini ECO with component check](#).
- Mount the insulation cover. Always use the handles on the side when handling the cover

4.7 Mounting options

- If the HIU is connected to a system sensitive to high temperature or to a low temperature system, for example floor heating, a safety thermostat must be mounted and activated before starting up. For more information [18.2 Safety thermostat](#).

4.8 Commissioning advice Mini ECO

- Adjust the hot water temperature by having a hot water tap open at normal flow rate. Measure the temperature at the draw-off point with a thermometer. It takes about 20 seconds to get a stable tap water temperature. The temperature should be minimum 50 °C.

Cetetherm recommends that the primary inlet temperature is at least 10° higher than the tap water temperature. **NOTE:** Make sure that no cold water is mixed with the hot water while making this adjustment.

Seal the hot water actuator after setting.

- Set the control mode on the control panel.
Control panel Round has been pre-set at the factory to use control mode; Outside Temperature Control (OTC control).
To change control mode see [6 Room thermostat Round](#).

Control panel CM737 see [5 CM737- settings to be done after start-up](#).

The control panel has been pre-set at the factory to use Outdoor compensation (parameter 14:rC set to 1).

To change see [5.1 Configure the control panel after installation](#).

4.9 General adjustments and settings

The property owner must be instructed in the operation, setting and care of the unit.

It is particularly important to provide information about the safety systems and about hazards that may arise in relation to the high pressure and temperature of the primary heating water.

4.10 Dismantlement

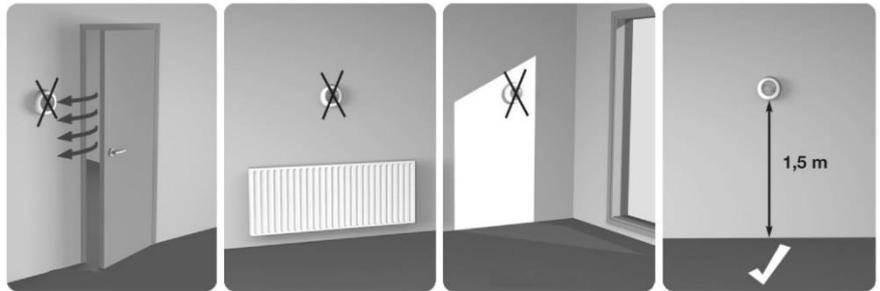
When the time comes for the HIU to be dismantled and scrapped it must be disposed of in the correct manner in accordance with local or national regulations.

4.11 Installing the room thermostat Round

1 Removing power supply



2 Placement



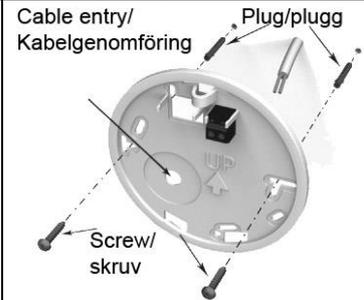
3 Removing the dial



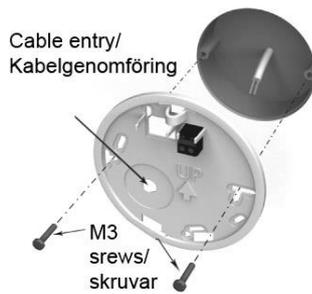
4 Removing the thermostat



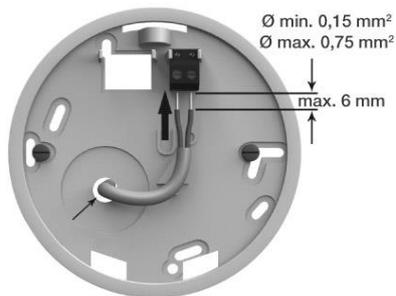
5a Mounting direct on the wall



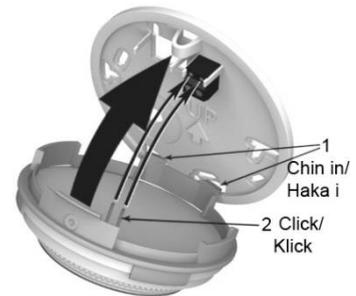
5b Mounting in wall socket



6 Connecting the cable



7 Mounting the thermostat



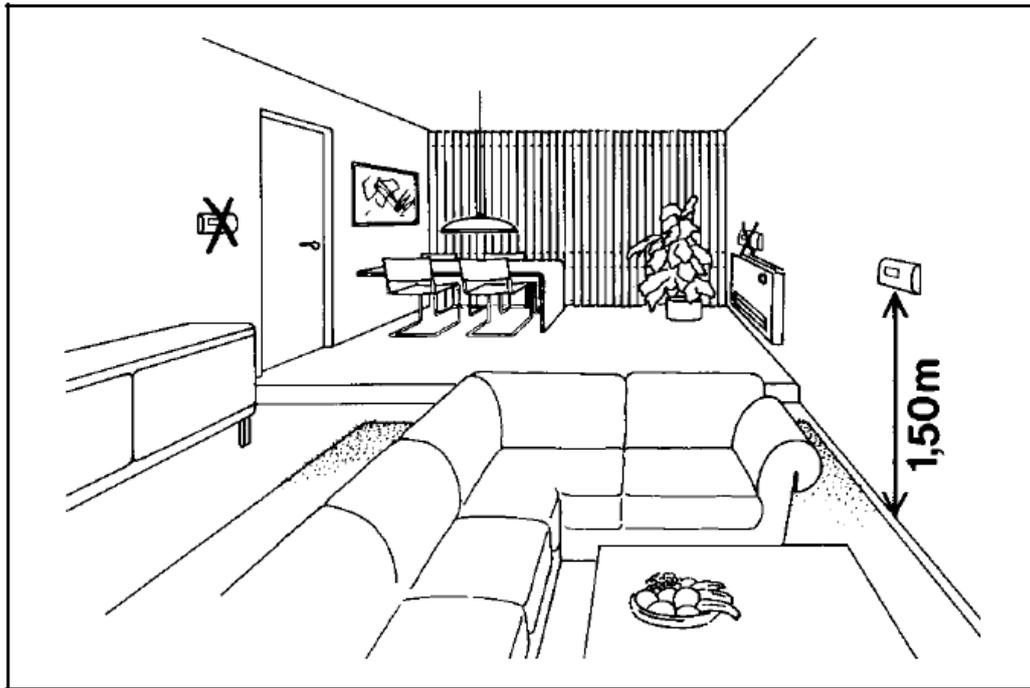
8 Mounting the dial



Picture 8

4.12 Installing the control panel CM737

The control panel CM737 can be used as a room thermostat.
Before installation make sure that the electrical power supply is disconnected.
Install the room thermostat at an appropriate location that is representative to the indoor temperature.



Picture 9

- A suitable installation is about 1.5 meters above floor and on an inner wall.
- The room thermostat must not be combined with other thermostats in the same control zone.

Use a suitable 2-conductor cable between the connection box and the operator control panel. With a conductor area of 0.6 mm^2 , the maximum cable length is 50 metres. Maximum 5Ω / conductor. Install the cable ends in the terminal, marked A and B, located in the operator control panel. Connect the plug to the connection box again. The unit can now be connected to the electrical power.

After starting up, choose configuration and operating mode, see [5.1 Configure the control panel after installation](#).

Cetetherm Mini ECO

Installation, service and operating instruction

1

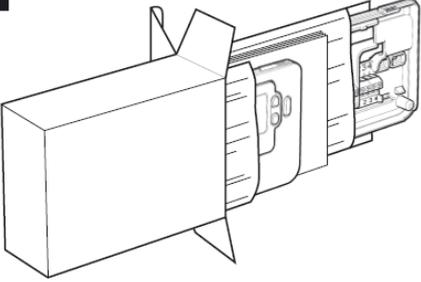


SW Innan installationen av CM737, koppla bort matningsspänningen till reglercentralen.

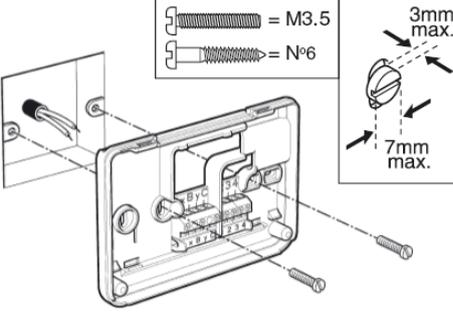
ENG Before installing the CM737 disconnect the power supply to the heating appliance!

F Avant d'installer, l'alimentation du l'appareil de chauffage doit être coupé!

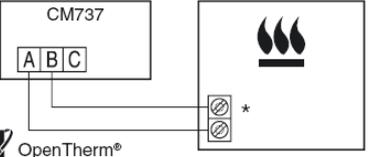
2



3



4

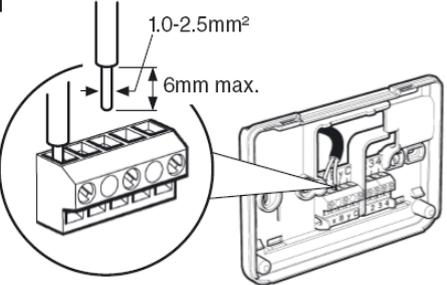


SW * Refererar till installationsanvisningen för reglercentralen.

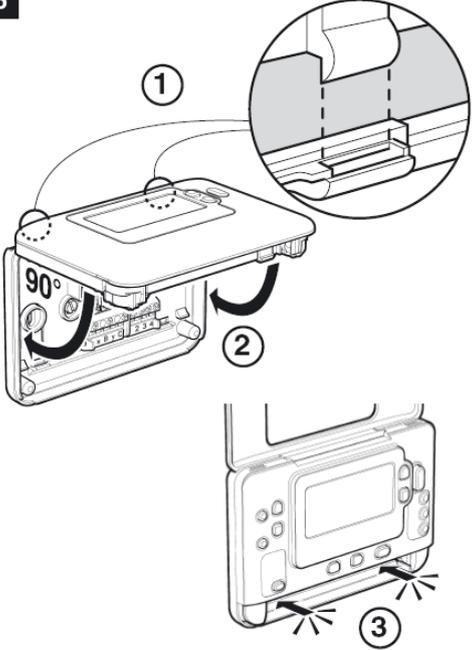
ENG Refer to the installation manual for the heating appliance.

F Pour la numérotation exacte des bornes, référez vous aux instructions fournies avec votre chaudière.

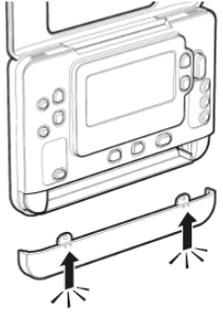
5



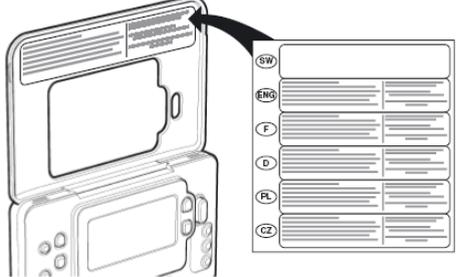
6



7



8



9

SW Koppla bort matningsspänningen till reglercentralen.

ENG Reconnect the power supply to the heating appliance.

F Rétablir l'alimentation sur l'appareil de chauffage.

Picture 10

4.13 Installing the outdoor temperature sensor

Connect the outdoor temperature sensor to the electric box.

With a conductor area of 0.6 mm² the maximum cable length is 50 metres, maximum 5 Ω/conductor.

If the outdoor temperature sensor is connected at a later time, for example in a construction period, the room thermostat must be restarted.

Control panel Round: See [6.3 Changing control mode, OTC heating curve and max supply temperature](#).

Control panel CM737: Set parameter 14 according to requested compensation; see [5.1 Configure the control panel after installation](#).

4.14 Starting up sequence for Mini ECO with component check



The HIU must be filled with water before starting the room thermostat, if not the pump can be damaged.

- Put the electrical cable from the control panel into a wall outlet.
- We recommend using an earth fault breaker.
- A check of the actuator and pump function starts.
During start-up sequence, the components manoeuvres by the following schedule:
 - 10 s actuator closes – turns clockwise - if not already closed
 - 10 s actuator opens - turns counter clockwise
 - 10 s actuator closes – turns clockwise
 - 10 s pump runs
 - 150 s actuator closes.
- The next five minutes, the pump starts running and control begins to regulate to 37 °C.

Note: Under certain operating conditions, 37 °C is not reached within 5 min. The Actuator knob should however have moved counter clockwise.

When start-up sequence is completed the room thermostat returns to last set control mode.

Note: If there is no heat demand the pump stops after the start-up sequence.

5 CM737- settings to be done after start-up

1. Press the MAN (8) button for a fixed set point (no reduction) of the room temperature.
2. Adjust the room temperature with the increase/decrease buttons on the right (6).

By outdoor compensation this change represents a standard parallel shift of the heat curve, recalculated for room temperature. For more details see chapter [8.6 Parallel adjustment of heating curve](#).

5.1 Configure the control panel after installation

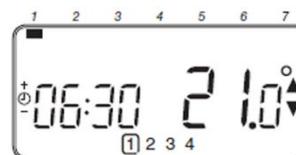
The room thermostat can be configured in three different ways. All installation parameters can be found in the parameter list, see [9 Activation of installer parameters CM737](#).

The control panel is pre-set to Outdoor compensation.

- **Outdoor compensation OTC**, require a connected outdoor temperature sensor, see [4.13 Installing the outdoor temperature sensor](#).
Set parameter 14:rC to 1.
- **Room compensation RTC**, require a mounted room thermostat, see [4.12 Installing the control panel CM737](#).
Set parameter 14:rC to 0.
- **Outdoor and room compensation OTC+RTC**, require a connected outdoor temperature sensor and a mounted room thermostat see [4.13 Installing the outdoor temperature sensor](#) and [4.14 Starting up sequence for Mini ECO with component check](#).
Set parameter 14:rC to 2.

5.2 Setting the day

1. Press the DAY button to begin setting the day, (1-7=mon-sun).
Each press will move the day indicator one step forward.
After 7 it will start over again at 1.
Press the green **OK** button to confirm



5.3 Setting the time

1. Press either of the   or  buttons once to enter timer setting mode. The LCD screen flashes the time digits. When the unit is powered for the first time the display shows 12:00.
2. Use the   or  buttons to set the correct time then press the green **OK** button to confirm.
Each press of the buttons will change the time by one minute and holding them down will change the time slowly at first and get progressively quicker.



6 Room thermostat Round

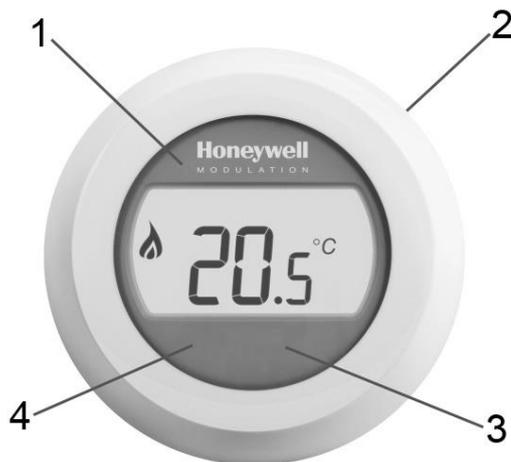
6.1 General

The room thermostat Round controls the supply temperature to the heating system. First time the room thermostat is started is use default control mode Outside Temperature Control (OTC control).

The room thermostat is programmable and has five different control modes to select between.

Features

- Ergonomic user interface.
- A simple twist of the dial will adjust the temperature set point up or down.



Picture 11

1	LCD display
2	Dial
3	Right touch button
4	Left touch button

Display (1)

The LCD has backlight; the backlight enables to read the data on the LCD in the dusk and dark. The backlight is switched off 10 seconds after last use.

In operating mode 2 (OTC control) the set room temperature is displayed in the window.

In operating mode 1 and 3 (RTC and RTC+OTC), the current room temperature is displayed by default in the window.

The thermostat measures the room temperature continuously in the room where it hangs.

Dial (2)

Turn the dial one "click" to see the setting of room temperature, if using control mode 1 and 3.

Turn the dial to change settings. Turn clockwise to increase and counter clockwise to decrease a setting.

Right touch button (3)

Use together with the left touch button to enter setting menu.

Left touch button (4)

Use together with the right touch button to enter setting menu.

Press to change parameter values and settings in different menus, change control mode, set max supply temperature, change heat curve slope.

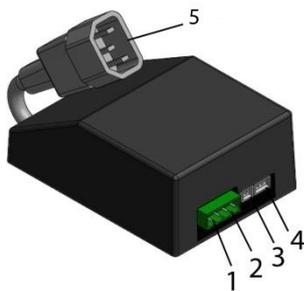
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6.2 Control modes

The room thermostat has five different control modes to select between; the default mode is Outside Temperature Control (OTC control).

1. **Room temperature control RTC**
Supply setpoint is calculated based on the room temperature setpoint and the actual room temperature.
2. **OTC control**
Require a connected outdoor temperature sensor.
Supply setpoint is purely based on the outside temperature.
3. **OTC control with room temperature compensation (OTC+RTC)**
Require a connected outdoor temperature sensor.
Supply setpoint is based on the outside and room temperature.
4. **Constant supply temperature (with closed contact)**
Select a fixed supply temperature setpoint. The heat is **on** when the contact (pos 1, [Picture 12](#)) is **closed**.
NOTE: Does not work with an outdoor thermostat connected.
5. **Constant supply temperature (with open contact)**
Select a fixed supply temperature setpoint. The heat is **on** when the contact (pos 1, [Picture 12](#)) is **open**.
NOTE: Does not work with an outdoor thermostat connected.



Picture 12

1	Universal input for connecting e.g. outdoor temperature sensor, flow switch, relay contact, strap
2	Room thermostat
3	Supply temperature sensor
4	Actuator, heating
5	Power cable adapter

6.3 Changing control mode, OTC heating curve and max supply temperature

Three different settings can be done:

- Control mode (1-5)
 - Heating curve (4-40)
 - Max supply temperature (30 °– 80 °C)
-
- Turn the dial down to 10°C. The display starts to flash.
 - While the display is flashing it is possible to enter the setting menu by pressing both right and left touch button for 10 seconds.
 - Use the dial to choose control mode, 1-5.
Confirm the choice within 10 secs by pressing the left touch button.
 - Choose the heating curve with the dial, 4-40.
Confirm the choice within 10 secs by pressing the left touch button.
 - Choose max supply temperature with the dial, 30°-80°C.
Confirm the choice within 10 secs by pressing the left touch button.
 - When all settings are done wait a few seconds and the room thermostat automatically leaves the setting menu in 10 seconds.
 - After changing the control mode, wait at least 30 seconds and then restart the room thermostat. This is to ensure correct function.

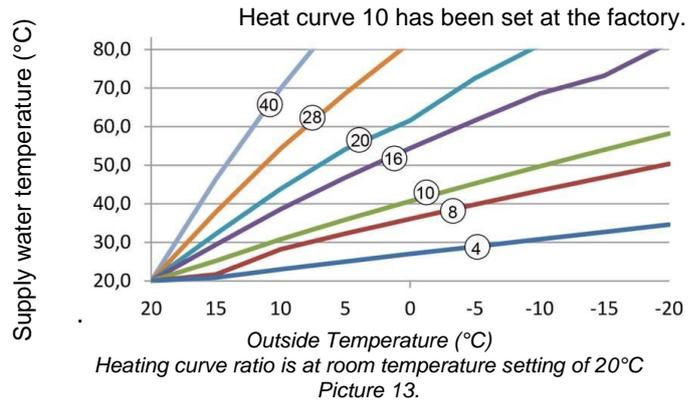
6.4 OTC control mode, default setting

The room thermostat controls the indoor temperature as a function of the measured outside air temperature.

The heat curve is the ratio between the measured outside air temperature and the calculated supply water temperature.

The ideal heating curve is dependent on the type of installation (radiators, convectors, etc.), the thermal properties and the location of the property.

A heating curve ratio of 1 to 40 can be set. The figure shows several heating curve ratios for a room temperature setting of the 20°C **without** room temperature compensation.



6.5 Viewing the room temperature

Note: Only valid with control mode 1-3.

The room temperature is displayed by default. The thermostat measures the room temperature continuously in the room where it hangs.

6.6 Viewing the set room temperature

Note: Only valid with control mode 1-3.

The set temperature is the desired temperature in the room where the thermostat is located.

Check the set temperature; by rotating the dial ring one way or tactile click clockwise.

The set temperature will flash.

After five secs, the display returns to show the room temperature.

Note: During commissioning, the standard set temperature is 17 °C.

After power failure the last set temperature will always be active.

6.7 Changing temperature setting

Change the temperature setting by rotating the dial ring. With each click counter-clockwise decreases the set temperature with half a degree. Each click clockwise increases the temperature by half a degree.

During setting the temperature is flashing. At the desired temperature, allows the ring loose.

After five seconds, the display will show the actual room temperature or the set supply temperature, depending on set control mode.

If using control mode 1-3 the thermostat will adjust the room temperature as closely as possible to the newly set temperature.

6.8 Setback

In the absence and at night the thermostat can manually be set at a lower temperature to save energy.

In general, it is recommended a reduction of up to 5 °C. Under the influence of the warm-up capacity of the plant and the degree of isolation of the property may be desired another temperature drop.

6.9 Summer heating

If measured outdoor temperature is higher than the pre-set temperature *Outside Limit* (20 °C), the pump should not be operating.

6.10 Display symbols



Control mode	Display will show		
1 RTC			Shows the actual room temperature with one decimal and in 0.5 steps when the room temperature is used.
2 OTC			Shows the room temperature setpoint with one decimal and in 0.5 steps when temperature control mode is OTC.
3 RTC+OTC			Shows the actual room temperature with one decimal and in 0.5 steps when the room temperature is used.
4 Constant supply temperature with closed contact			Shows the requested supply temperature when the room temperature is not used.
5 Constant supply temperature with open contact			Shows the requested supply temperature when the room temperature is not used.

	Heating on Means there is a requirement for some heating
	SummerHeating is active
	There is an ongoing alarm
	Connected to Gateway

6.11 Fault messages on the room thermostat

If a spanner  is visible on the display there is an ongoing alarm.

On the display	Cause
F	Fault code is shown on 7-segments
. - - .	Internal fault (like sensor fault)
. Out	There is no (valid) outside temperature
. dhc	Room thermostat not connected to a correct connection box

6.12 Fault codes on room thermostat Round

Fault code 0	No fault, power up
Fault code 1	Supply sensor or cable
Cause	Measured supply water temperature is below 0 °C or above 100 °C.
Actions	The control panel turn the pump off and enter off mode (frost protection). Check the supply sensor and its cable.
Fault code 2	Outside sensor out of operating range. This fault code can only occur after the measured outside temperature has been in range: -40 °C to 60 °C.
Cause	Measured outside temperature is below -40 °C or above 60 °C
Actions	Enter room compensation until a valid temperature has been measured. Check the outside sensor and its cable.
Fault code 3	Connection box temperature out of operating range
Cause	Measured environment temperature is below -0 °C or above 60 °C.
Actions	The control panel turn the pump off and enter off mode (frost protection). Make sure that the HIU is mounted in a well vented room.
Fault code 4	Cannot reach the set supply water temperature
Cause	Air in the pump, low temp/ not district heating supply.
Actions	Vent the pump, check the control valve and actuator.
Fault code 7	No communication between control panel and connection box
Cause	The connection box does not communicate with the control panel (by OT) for 60 seconds.
Actions	Fault is only cleared after a power break and OT communication is working again. Check the control panel cable.
Fault code 8	Outside sensor detected and heat demand input configured.
Cause	Outside sensor detected and heat demand input configured
Actions	Heat demand input doesn't work

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6.13 Factory settings, room thermostat

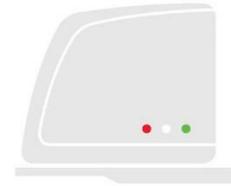
Setting/function	Default Value	Setting/function	Default Value
Control mode	OTC	Min Room setpoint	10.0 °C
Room Temp Setpoint	17.0 °C	Max Room setpoint	27.0 °C
Constant Supply Temp Setpoint	40 °C	Min Supply setpoint	0 °C
OTC Ratio	10	Max Supply setpoint	60 °C
Setpoint lock	unlocked	Outside Limit (summer heating)	20 °C

7 Connect the Round to internet via Gateway

1. Connect the Gateway to power



LED status on Gateway

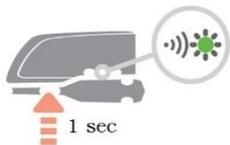


2. Connect the Gateway to internet router

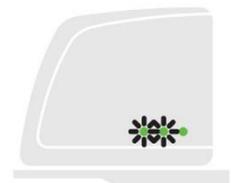


3. Bind the Gateway to room thermostat Round

Put Gateway into BIND mode by pressing BIND button on base, for 1 second.



Put Round into BIND mode by pressing the right touch-button under the display for 10 seconds.



Send BIND signal from Round by pressing once again on the right touch button.



LED on Gateway should turn solid green (= good signal).



Round will display binding confirmation + signal strength (5 = good signal) for a few seconds before returning to normal operation.



7.1 Set-up account and download the app

Visit www.mytotalconnectcomfort.com to create an account and register the Gateway.

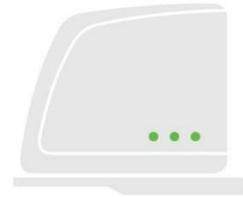
NOTE! The mail with the activation information might end up in your Junk mailbox.

Chose Comfort system.
You will need the MAC ID and CRC which can be found on the base of the Gateway.



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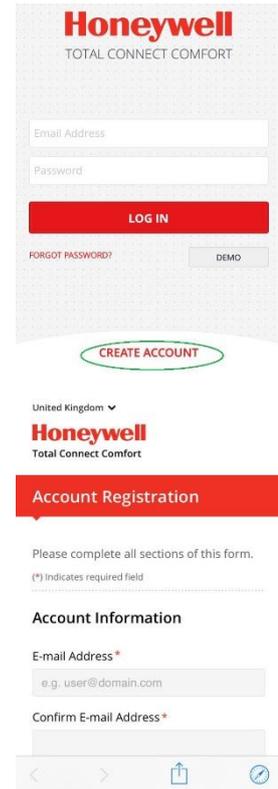
LED on Gateway should turn solid green when successfully registered.



Download the free app *Total Connect Comfort Europé*.



Choose "Create account".



Fill in all fields.

A conformation mail is send to the mail address.
NOTE! The mail with the activation information might end up in your Junk mailbox.
 Click on the link in the mail and login with your mail and password.
 Logon to the app to see all connected devices.

NOTE! If the heating has been turned off from the app it must be turned on from the app.

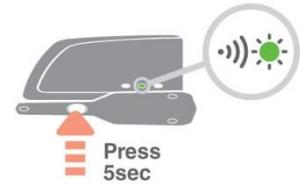
7.2 Troubleshooting

	Lost communication with the Round	Check that Round is powered and within RF range
	No internet connection	Check that the home internet router can access the internet
	Trying to connect to home internet router	If LED stays orange, check cables and power to home router.
	Not yet registered	Set up account on www.mytotalconnectcomfort.com

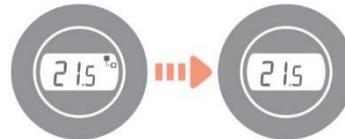
7.3 Clearing binding between Round and the Gateway

If Round needs to be replaced the binding must be cleared from the Gateway first. As the heating schedule is stored by the Gateway (and not by the App) it will be cleared and need to be set up again.

1. Clear Gateway binding by pressing BIND button on base for 5 seconds (LED will flash during).



2. LED turns OFF on Gateway and Gateway icon disappear on Round, indicating that binding has been cleared.



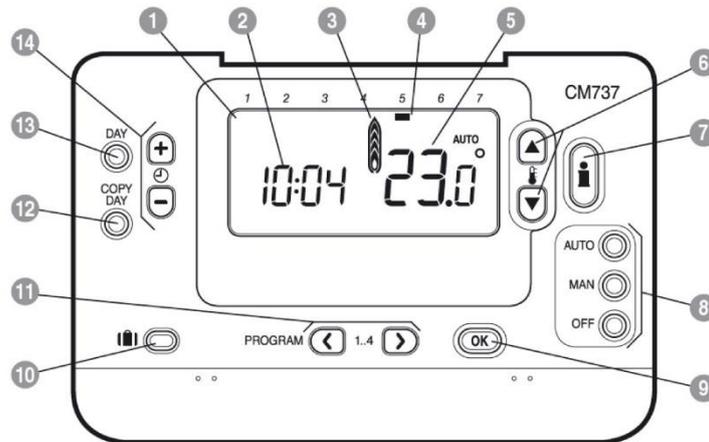
8 Control panel with room thermostat CM737

8.1 General

The room thermostat CM737 controls the supply temperature to the heating system. When connecting unit to the power supply, the room thermostat verifies the connected sensors and then automatically chooses to control by room or outdoor temperature sensor or both.

Features:

- Ergonomic user interface.
- Large LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) Screen.
- Four independent temperature levels per day, from 5 °C to 35 °C.
- Built-in Memory holds the user program indefinitely.
- Holiday button saves energy by letting you reduce the temperature for 1 to 99 days.
- 7- days heating program to match your lifestyle and maximizing energy savings.



Picture 14

1	LCD display	6	Temperature change buttons	11	Program buttons
2	Time display	7	Temperature enquiry button	12	Copy day button
3	Heating indicator	8	Operating mode buttons	13	Day select button
4	Day indicator	9	OK button, green	14	Time change buttons
5	Temperature display	10	Holiday function button		

OK-button (9)

When changing settings/values in room thermostat, the numbers in the display is flashing. Confirm the new settings with the green OK-button (9) and the new setting will be confirmed.

8.2 Choosing the operating mode

The room thermostat can operate in three different modes; Automatic, Manual or Off.

To set the operating mode press either of the **AUTO**, **MAN** or **OFF** buttons. The screen indicates which mode is currently active.

NOTE: Cetetherm recommends the mode **MAN**.

- **MAN (fixed)** the room thermostat acts with a fixed set point throughout the day.
The set point can be adjusted from 5 °C to 35 °C by using the  or  buttons.
The thermostat will continue to maintain this temperature until another operating mode or temperature is selected.
- **AUTO (automatic)** the room thermostat follows the built-in temperature program, default or modified.
A manually adjustment of the temperature with arrow “up” or “down” is only valid until next programmed temperature change.
NOTE: The built-in heating program has been designed to provide normal comfort requirements, but to customise the settings please see [8.7 Operating mode Auto](#).
- **OFF** the room thermostat controls to a minimum temperature. Default setting of 5 °C acts as a frost protection to your home.

8.3 Temperature Enquiry with the Info-button (7)

Each value will be displayed for 3 seconds before returning to show the initial screen.

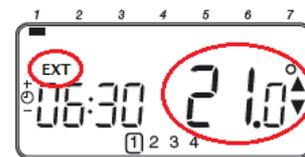
NOTE! The initial screen shows different temperatures depending on if the outdoor temperature sensor is connected and the setting of parameter 14:rC in the room thermostat.

- Target room temperature - with outdoor compensation.
- Current room temperature – with room compensation.

Press once on the info-button , the display will show one of following three:

1. **EXT above the clock and a temperature.**

The outdoor temperature sensor is installed correct and the controls the heating.
Displayed temperature is present outside temperature, according to the sensor.



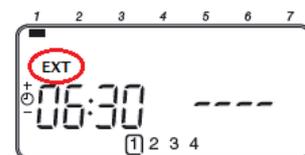
Press once more on the **Info**-button, in 3 seconds, to show the supply temperature. Check that the temperature is reasonable buy carefully touching the supply pipe.

2. **Flashing temperature and no EXT above the clock.**

The temperature flashing is the set point according to room compensation and the room thermostat controls the heating without the outdoor temperature sensor.
Press once more on the Info-button, within 3 seconds, to see the value of the outdoor sensor.

3. **EXT above the clock and ---- instead of the outdoor temperature.**

This means that the outdoor sensor or its cable is damaged or not connected.



Press once more on the **Info**-button, in 3 seconds, to show the supply temperature. Check that the temperature is reasonable buy carefully touching the supply pipe.

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8.4 Holiday function

The holiday function allows you to set a constant temperature (default = 10 °C) for a specified number of days (from 1 - 99 days). This saves energy and related costs when the house is empty, but resumes normal operation on the day of return.

To set the Holiday function:

1. Ensure the room thermostat is running in **AUTO** or **MAN** operating modes.
2. Press the holiday  button to display the holiday day's counter and temperature setting, along with the holiday indicator .
3. Press the   or  time buttons to set the holiday time (1–99 days) and press the green  button to confirm.
4. Press the  or  buttons to set the holiday temperature (5 °C–35 °C) and press the green  button to confirm.

The room thermostat will now control to the new temperature for the set number of days that the home is vacant. At midnight, the holiday counter will be reduced by one until the selected number of days have passed. The room thermostat will then return to former operation as set by the **MAN** or **AUTO** mode.

To cancel the HOLIDAY function or to exit the function at any time: press the  button a second time.

8.5 OTC heating curve

The CM737 controls the indoor temperature as a function of the measured outside air temperature. The heating curve is the ratio between the measured outside air temperature and the calculated supply water temperature.

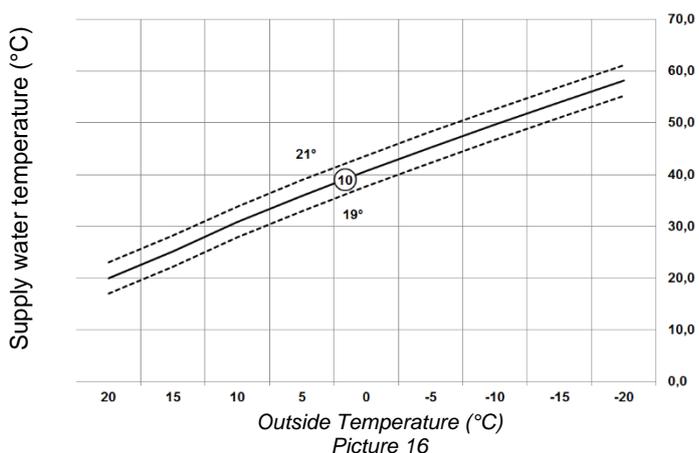
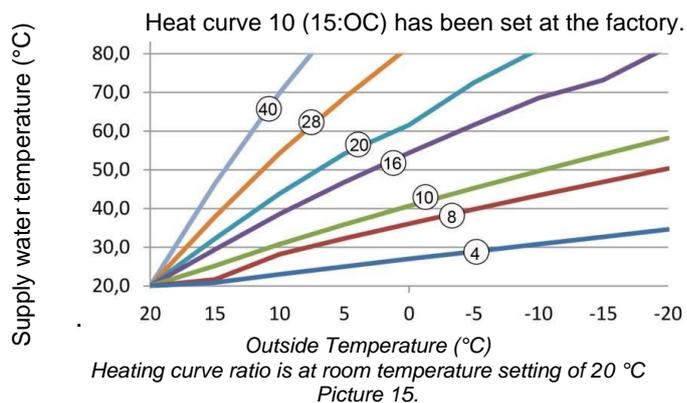
The ideal heating curve is dependent on the type of installation (radiators, convectors, etc.), the thermal properties and the location of the property. A heating curve ratio of 1 to 40 can be set. The figure shows several heating curve ratios for a room temperature setting of the 20 °C **without** room temperature compensation.

8.6 Parallel adjustment of heating curve

If any other room temperature set point than 20 °C is used the selected curve will be parallel compensated.

Every change of the room temperature set point from 20 °C will change the supply temperature with approximately 3 °C. If the room temperature set point is increased from 20 °C to 21 °C the supply temperature will increase with approximately 3 °C.

This example shows parallels of curve 10 by 19 °C and 21 °C.



8.7 Operating mode Auto

8.7.1 The Built-in Heating Program

The built-in heating program has four temperature level changes per day that can be set between 3.00am and 2.50am the following day - allowing the evening temperature to maintain after midnight. Each temperature level can be set between 5 °C and 35 °C, and adjusted in 0.5 °C increments.

The factory default program for heating is as:

Monday to Friday (Day 1 to 5)

Period	1	2	3	4
Time	6:30	8:00	18:00	22:30
Temperature	21 °C	18 °C	21 °C	16 °C

Saturday & Sunday (Day 6 & 7)

Period	1	2	3	4
Time	6:30	8:00	18:00	22:30
Temperature	21 °C	18 °C	21 °C	16 °C

8.7.2 Reviewing the Heating Program

To review or edit the heating program use the **PROGRAM**  or  buttons to navigate between the four individual programming periods.

Use the **DAY** button to step through each day of the week, so the complete 7-day heating program can be reviewed or edited.

8.7.3 Temperature Override

During **AUTO** mode, the programmed temperature can be adjusted manually. The 'target' temperature will be displayed and flash for 5 seconds - during this time the  or  buttons can be used to modify the set value.

NOTE: This temperature override is cancelled at the next programmed temperature change.

8.7.4 Disabling/enabling time periods

Any of the heating period from 2 to 4 can be removed from (or returned to) the heating program profile.

To disable or enable time periods:

- To disable unwanted periods, go to the desired period (2 to 4) using the **PROGRAM**  or  buttons to navigate, ensure the correct period is highlighted with the flashing square symbol.
Press and hold the  button for at least 2 seconds and the display will indicate the period has been removed from the program.
- To enable periods again, follow the same procedure as above, navigating to the already disabled period. To enable this period again, press and hold the  button for at least 2 seconds.

Cetetherm Mini ECO

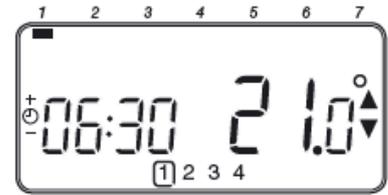
Installation, service and operating instruction

8.7.5 Modifying the heating program

To change the heating program:

- a) Press either of the **PROGRAM**  or  buttons to enter the programming mode.

The time /temperature settings for period  on Monday day 1 will be flashing. The active period is highlighted by a flashing square around the numbers at the bottom of the screen and the selected day is shown with the day indicator.



- b) To adjust the period, start time use the   or  buttons, the 'OK?' indicator will be displayed to confirm the change. Holding the button down will change the time quickly.

Note: If you are pressing the   or  buttons and the display flashes the next period, it means the next period will be pushed forward.

- c) Once the required time is reached press the green  button to confirm.

Note: If the original time setting did not require adjustment press the green  button to move to step 'd'.

- d) The temperature setting for period  on Monday (Day 1) will now be flashing. To adjust this, press the  or  buttons and confirm the setting again by pressing the green  button.
- e) The next time and temperature period will now be active. Adjust this by repeating steps b - d above until all four periods are set or press the **AUTO** button to run the program as set, at any time.

Chose how to set the program for the next day:

- f) Press the **COPY DAY** button to copy Monday's program into Tuesday. The display will go blank apart from the 'non-flashing' day indicator, which indicates the day copied and the 'flashing' target day to copy the program to. To accept this day, press the green  button. To select a different target day press the **DAY** button until the 'flashing' day indicator is under the required day, and then accept it by pressing the green  button.

Note: Once the target day is confirmed it becomes the day that is copied if the **COPY DAY** button is pressed again.

Or

Press the **DAY** button to move the day indicator to Tuesday (Day 2). The program for that day can then be adjusted by following steps **b** to **e**. Programs for the remaining days can be set in the same way, using the **DAY** button to move to the next day.

To exit the programming mode, select the desired operating mode by pressing the **AUTO**, **MAN** or **OFF** buttons.

Note: To run the adjusted program; select the **AUTO** mode.

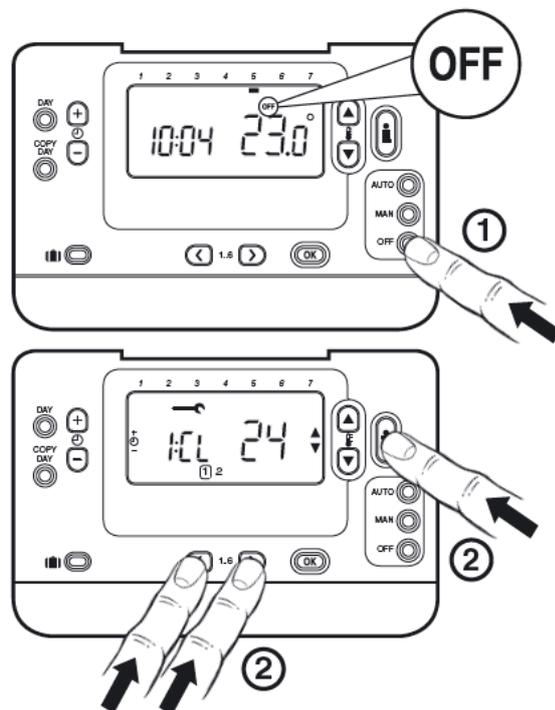
9 Activation of installer parameters CM737

Installer Mode is used to alter the system settings for specific applications, to use the special features of the room thermostat in a different way or to alter the factory present parameters. Parameters are divided into groups:

- Category 1 parameters: Control panel settings
- Category 2 parameters: ECO-functions
- Category 3 parameters: Setting and displaying sensor values
- Category 4 parameters: Heating actuator settings
- Category 5: Fault History

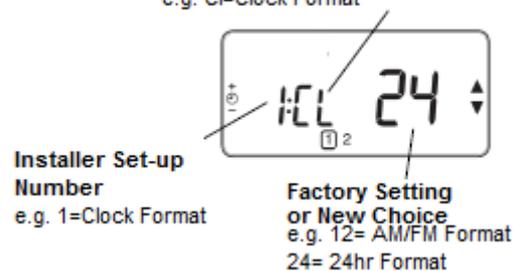
9.1 Entering the installer set-up mode

1. Press the **OFF** button.
2. Press and hold the **i** button and the two **PROGRAM** (◀) and (▶) buttons together.
3. The unit will display the first parameter of installer parameter group category 1.
4. Press the **▲** or **▼** button to change the factory setting.
The display will flash indicating that a change has been made.
5. Press the green **OK** button to confirm the change. The display will stop flashing.
6. Press the **⌚** (+) button to go to the next parameter.
7. Press the **PROGRAM** (▶) button to go to the next parameter category.
8. To exit installer mode, press the **AUTO**, **MAN** or **OFF** button.



Picture 17

Abbreviated Set-Up Description
e.g. Cl=Clock Format



Picture 18

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9.2 Category 1 parameters: Control panel settings

Parameter	Parameter N:o	Factory Default Setting	Optional Setting	
			Display	Description
AM-PM / 24hr Display	1:CL	24	24/12	24hr. or AM/PM clock display format
Reset Time/ Temp Program (Only used in Auto mode)	2:rP	1	1/0	0: time or temp has been changed 1: Time / Temperature according to factory setting Set 1 To restore the factory setting
Upper room Temp Limit	6:uL	35	21 to 35	Upper room Temp Limit
Lower room Temp Limit /freeze protection temp	7:LL	5	5 to 21	Lower room Temp Limit /freeze protection temp
Room Temperature Offset	12:tO	0	-3 to +3	adjustment room temp display
Proportional Band Width	13:Pb	1.5	1.5 to 3.0	Room thermostat Proportional Band Width
Control mode ¹⁾	14:rC	1	0 or 2	0: Room Temp control 1: OTC control 2: OTC control with room temperature compensation
OTC heat curve	15:OC	10	1 to 40	Set OTC heating curve
Reset Category 1 and 2 Parameters to Factory Defaults	19:FS	1	0/1	0: Settings in category 1, 2, 3 has been changed 1: Restore category 1 and 2 (not 3) to factory settings.

9.3 Category 2 parameters: ECO-functions

Parameter	Parameter N:o	Factory Default Setting	Optional Setting	
			Display	Description
Summer heating in OTC mode	1:SH	0	0 to 40	Minimum supply temp set point for heating. 0: function not active.
ECO function Summer reduction in OTC mode	2:SL	20	10 to 30	The outside temperature at which the heating will switch off. The economy function will be disabled if the setting for summer heating is not 0
ECO function Economy function in OTC mode	3:Pd	10	0 to 20	Difference between outside and calculated heating supply temperature. If the difference is less than 3:Pd value, the heating will be switch off. 0: function not active.

9.4 Category 3 parameters: Setting and displaying sensor values

Parameter	Parameter N.o	Factory Default Setting	Optional Setting	
			Display	Description
Maximum supply temperature set point ²⁾	1:CH	80	30 to 80	Maximum supply temp set point for heating.
DHW set point ²⁾	2:HS	80	-	Not applicable
Current Supply temperature	3:St	Actual temp	0-100	Display function
Return temperature	4:rt	--	--	Not applicable
DHW temperature	5:Ht	--	--	Not applicable
Outside temperature ³⁾	6:Ot	Actual temp	-40 °C to 60 °C	Display function
Water pressure ³⁾	7:Pr	--	--	Not applicable
DHW storage overnight	8:HO	1	0/1	Not applicable
DHW storage during HOLIDAY	9:HH	0	0/1	Not applicable
Low capacity control	10:LD	1	0/1	Not applicable

9.5 Category 4 parameters: Heating actuator settings



Changing category 4 must be carried out by an authorized service technician

Parameter	Parameter N.o	Factory Default Setting	Optional Setting	
			Display	Description
Proportional band	P 1	0	0-255	Proportional band for heating actuator, 1K.
Integral time	P 2	1	0-255	Integral time for heating actuator, 0.1 / minute.
Run time heating actuator	P 3	15	1-60	Time needed to open or close valve completely Value x 10= time needed in seconds.

9.6 Category 5: Fault History

(use right arrow button under display to access)

Parameter	Parameter N.o	Factory Default Setting	Optional Setting	
			Display	Description
Fault code log	FX	Fault code	F1-F10 plus fault code	Error code log has 10 posts. See 10.1 Fault codes on the control panel CM737 .

The alarm log contains the 10 latest errors, beginning with the most recent error.

01 is generated at each restart.

0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1 – means that the system has been correct restarted five times.

¹⁾ Only if the setting is allowed by the heating appliance. Standard settings and limits can be set by the heating appliance.

²⁾ Only available if supported by the heating appliance.

³⁾ Only available if the outside temperature sensor is mounted.

Notes: Always remember to press the green  button to confirm new Installer Set-Up setting. To exit the Installer Set-Up Mode press the **AUTO** or **MAN** button.

10 Troubleshooting the control panel CM737

Symptom	Possible Cause	Remedy
A flashing  symbol appears on the display within one minute after the control panel being powered on.	The control panel receives power supply from the connection box, but no information.	The control panel is not connected to the correct terminals of the connection box.
A  symbol appears permanently (no flashing) on the display.	Communication error due to an interrupt or short circuit in the link between the connection box and the control panel.	The control panel is not connected to the correct terminals of the connection box. Contact Cetetherm.
Display is blank	No power feed after the installation of the control panel.	Check that the power supply cable of the connection box is connected. The control panel is not connected to the correct terminals of the connection box
	The power supply or the communication link between the control panel and the connection box has been interrupted for more than 8 hrs.	Check that the power supply cable of the connection box is connected. After the power is restored the time and day may need to be adjusted – otherwise contact your service technician.
A flashing  symbol appears on the display after the control panel being operating for a period	The control box is showing an error	Press the  button, to see the error code. See 10.1 Fault codes on the control panel CM737 .
A flashing  symbol appears on the display and the room temperature is replaced by “—“	Internal fault in the temperature measuring circuit.	Contact your service technician.

10.1 Fault codes on the control panel CM737

If a spanner is visible on the display, there is an on ongoing alarm. Press the Info-button to view the fault code.

Error source	Error code
No fault (power-up)	0
Supply water temperature sensor or cable	1
Outside air temperature sensor out of range	2
Temperature in the connection box out of range	3
Cannot reach the set supply temperature	4
No communication between control panel and connection box	7

Fault code 0	This fault code can just be seen in the fault history, parameter settings category 5. Not via the Info- button.
Fault code 1	Supply sensor or cable
Cause	Measured supply water temperature is below 0 °C or above 100 °C.
Actions	The control panel turn the pump off and enter off mode (frost protection). Check the supply sensor and its cable.
Fault code 2	Outside sensor out of operating range. This fault code can only occur after the measured outside temperature has been in range: -40°C to 60°C.
Cause	Measured outside temperature is below -40 °C or above 60 °C
Actions	Enter room compensation until a valid temperature has been measured. Check the outside sensor and its cable.
Fault code 3	Connection box temperature out of operating range
Cause	Measured environment temperature is below -0 °C or above 60 °C.
Actions	The control panel turn the pump off and enter off mode (frost protection). Make sure that the HIU is mounted in a well vented room.
Fault code 4	Cannot reach the set supply water temperature
Cause	Air in the pump, low temp/ not district heating supply.
Actions	Vent the pump, check the control valve and actuator.
Fault code 7	No communication between control panel and connection box
Cause	The connection box does not communicate with the control panel (by OT) for 60 seconds.
Actions	Fault is only cleared after a power break and OT communication is working again. Check the control panel cable.

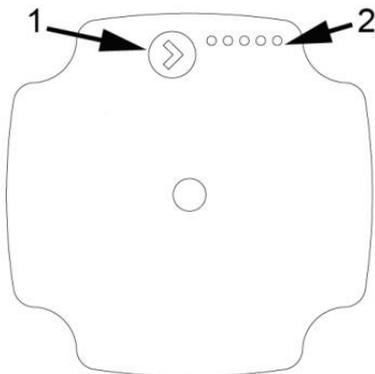
11 Pump settings and pump performance

11.1 Grundfos UPM3 Auto

The HIU is equipped with the pump Grundfos UPM3 Auto.

When the pump is switched on it runs with the factory pre-setting or the last setting.
 The pump is pre-set to run with operation mode, **proportional pressure mode 2, PP2**.

Operation mode indicates with LEDs on the pump front.



- 1 Push button
- 2 LEDs

Picture 19

The user interface shows with LED:

- operation status
- alarm status

11.2 Alarm status

Display	Indication	Pump operation	Counter action
	Rotor is blocked	Trying to start again every 1.33 seconds.	Wait or deblock the shaft.
	Supply voltage too low.	Only warning, pump runs.	Control the supply voltage.
	Electrical error.	Pump is stopped because of low supply voltage or serious failure.	Control the supply voltage / Exchange the pump.

11.3 Changing the control mode

To set the product, use the button on the operating panel. Every time you press the button, the pump setting is changed. The LEDs will indicate the chosen control mode.

	OPERATING PANEL	CONTROL MODE
0	● ○ ○ ○ ○	PROPORTIONAL PRESSURE AUTO ADAPT
1	○ ● ○ ○ ○	CONSTANT PRESSURE AUTO ADAPT
2	● ○ ● ○ ○	PROPORTIONAL PRESSURE 1
3	● ○ ● ● ○	PROPORTIONAL PRESSURE 2
4	● ○ ● ● ●	PROPORTIONAL PRESSURE 3 - MAX
5	○ ● ● ○ ○	CONSTANT PRESSURE 1
6	○ ● ● ● ○	CONSTANT PRESSURE 2
7	○ ● ● ● ●	CONSTANT PRESSURE 3 - MAX
8	○ ○ ● ○ ○	CONSTANT CURVE 1
9	○ ○ ● ● ○	CONSTANT CURVE 2
10	○ ○ ● ● ●	CONSTANT CURVE 3 - MAX

Picture 20

11.3.1 Proportional-pressure curve

The head (pressure) is reduced at falling heat demand and increased at rising heat demand. The duty point of the pump will move up or down on the selected proportional-pressure curve, depending on the heating demand.

- PP1 is the lowest and PP3 is the highest proportional pressure curve
- AUTO_{ADAPT} is the highest to lowest proportional pressure curve.

The AUTO_{ADAPT} function enables the pump to control the pump performance automatically within a defined performance range.

In Proportional pressure AUTO_{ADAPT}, the pump is set to proportional-pressure control.

11.3.2 Constant-pressure curve

The head (pressure) is kept constant, irrespective of the heating demand.

The duty point of the pump will move out or in on the selected constant-pressure curve, depending on the heating demand in the system.

- CP1 is the lowest and CP3 is the highest constant-pressure curve
- AUTO_{ADAPT} is the highest to lowest constant-pressure curve.

The AUTO_{ADAPT} function enables the pump to control the pump performance automatically within a defined performance range.

In constant pressure AUTO_{ADAPT}, the pump is set to constant-pressure control.

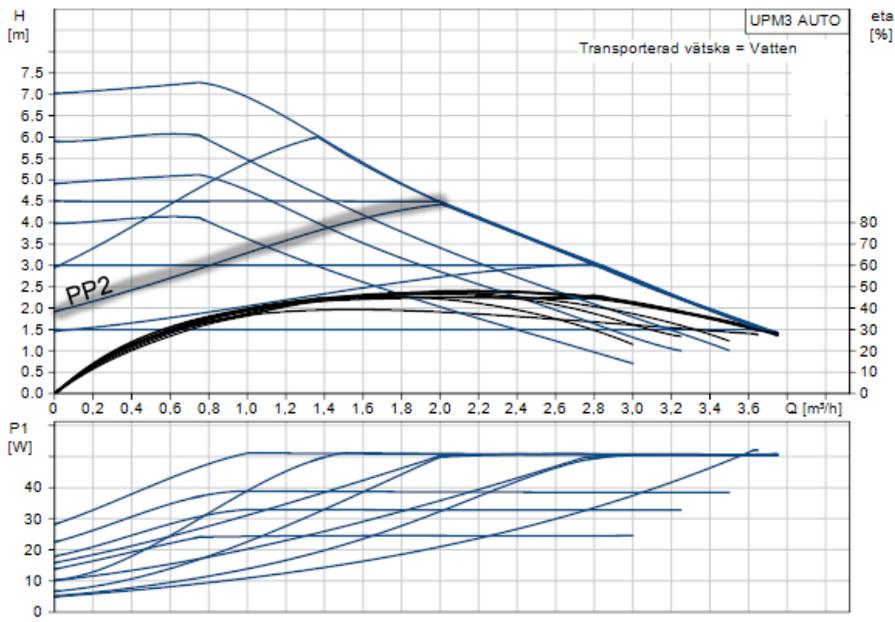
11.3.3 Constant curve

The circulator runs on a constant curve, which means that it runs at a constant speed or power.

The duty point of the circulator moves up or down on the selected constant curve, depending on the heat demand in the system.

- CC1 is the lowest and CC3 is the highest constant curve

11.4 Pump curve proportional pressure mode 2, PP2



UPM3 Auto 15-70, PU1388 2021-04

Picture 21

11.5 Fault finding pump

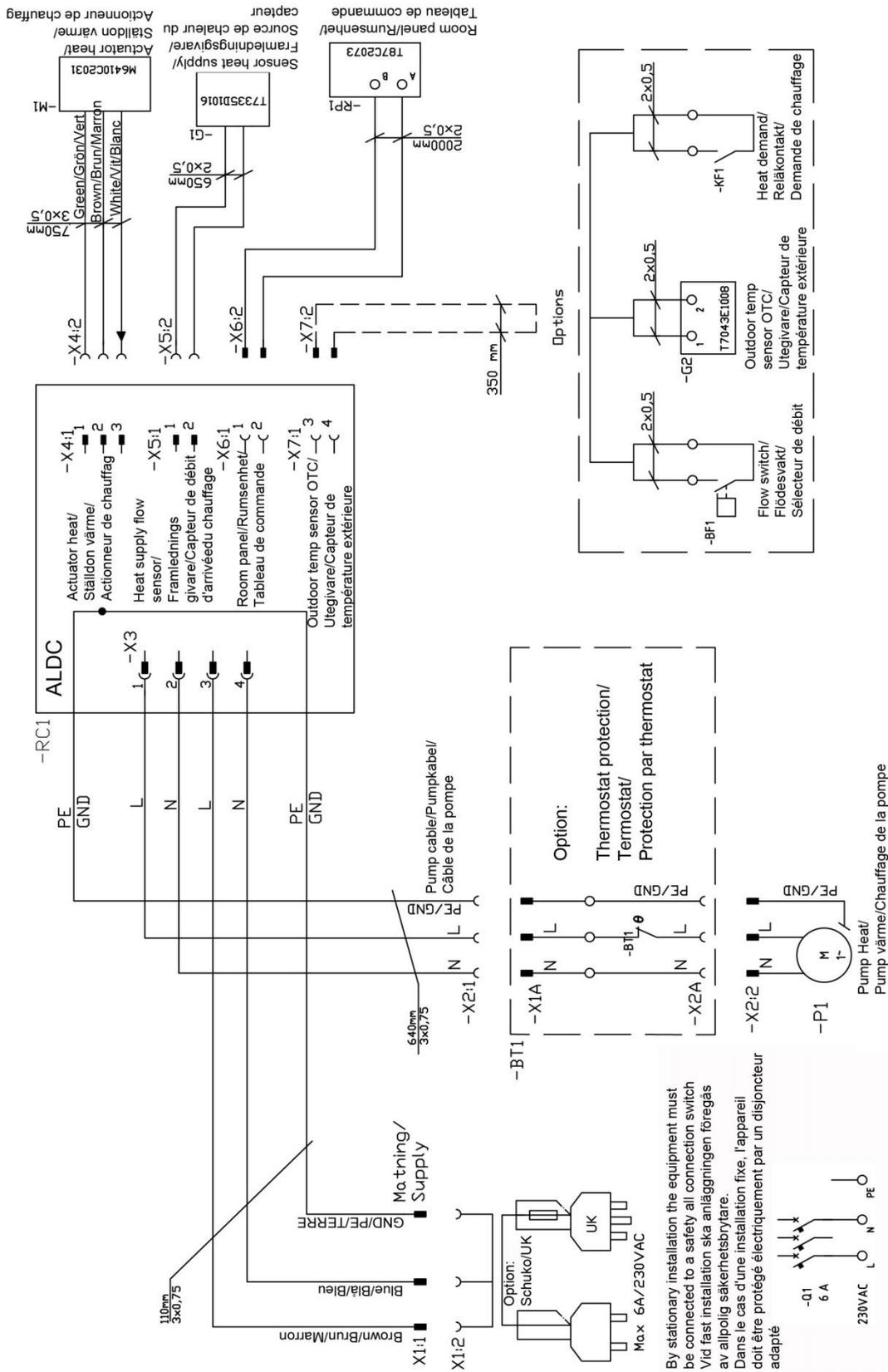


Before starting any work at the pump, switch off the power supply. Make sure that the power supply cannot be switched on accidentally.

Be aware that capacitors will be live up to 30 seconds after the power supply has been switched off.

Fault	Cause	Remedy
Pump is not running. No power supply	• System is switched off.	Check the system controller.
	• A fuse in the installation is blown.	Replace the fuse.
	• The circuit breaker has tripped.	Check the power connection and switch on the circuit breaker.
	• Power supply failure.	Check the power supply.
Pump is not running. Normal power supply.	• Controller is switched off.	Check the controller and its settings.
	• Pump is blocked by impurities.	Remove impurities. Unblock the pump from the front of the control box with a screwdriver
	• Pump is defective.	Replace the pump.
Noise in the system.	• Air in the system.	Vent the system.
	• Differential pressure is too high.	Reduce the pump performance at the pump.
Noise in the pump.	• Air in the pump.	Let the pump run. The pump vents itself over time.
	• Inlet pressure is too low.	Increase the system pressure or check the air volume in the expansion tank.
Insufficient flow.	• Pump performance is too low.	Check the external controller and the pump settings.
Pump runs at maximum speed and cannot be controlled	• No signal from signal cable.	Check if the cable is connected to the controller. If it is, replace the cable.
Pump LED5 is on. Pump tries to restart every 1.5 sec.	• Rotor shaft is blocked	Unblock the rotor shaft by pushing it with a screwdriver from the front of the pump.
Pump LED4 is on.	• Pump is running.	Check the supply voltage.
Pump LED3 is on. Pump stops.	• Supply voltage is too low.	• Check the supply voltage.
	• Serious failure.	• Exchange the pump.

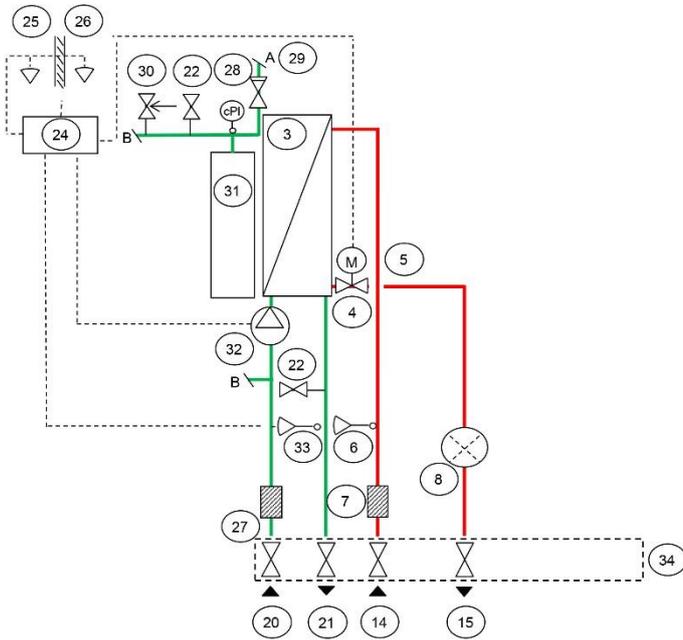
12 Electrical connections



Picture 22

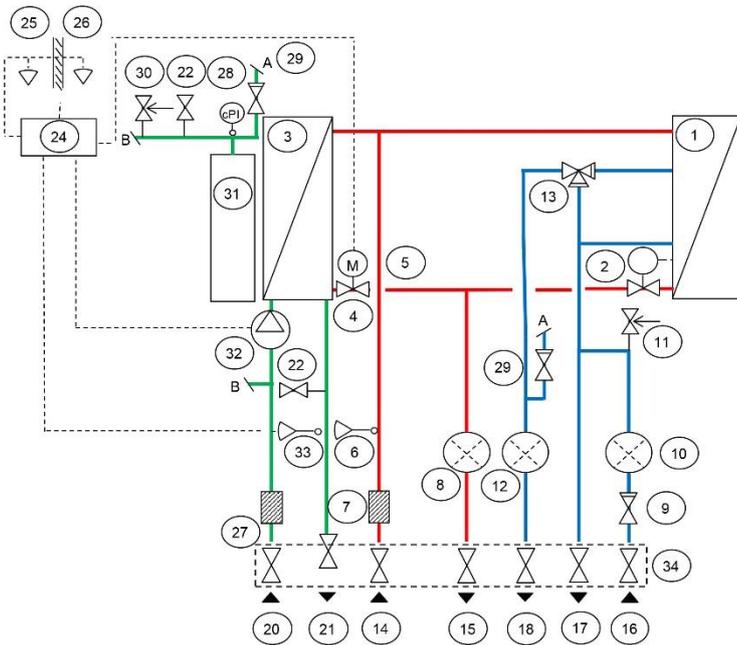
13 Schematic diagram, main components

13.1 Mini ECO F1



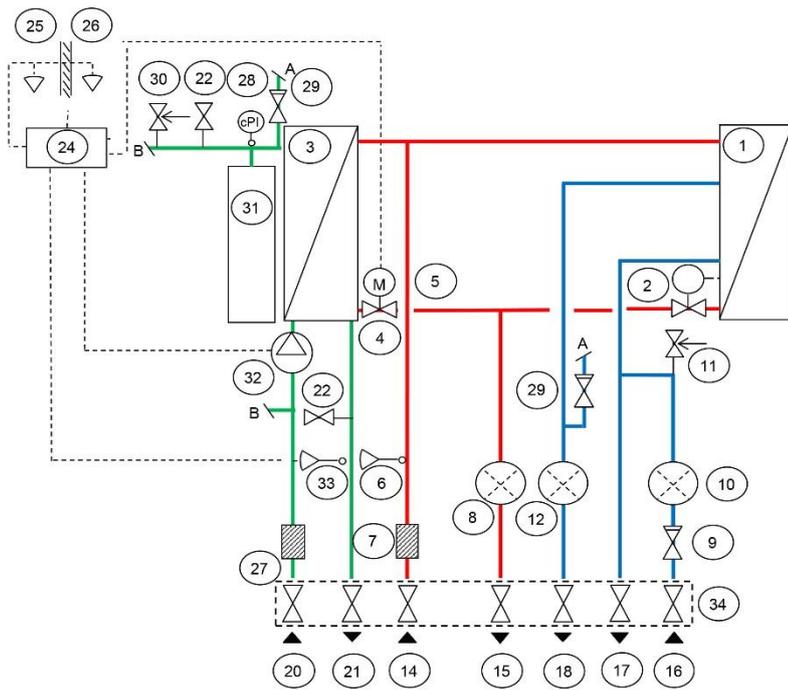
Picture 23

13.2 Mini ECO F2



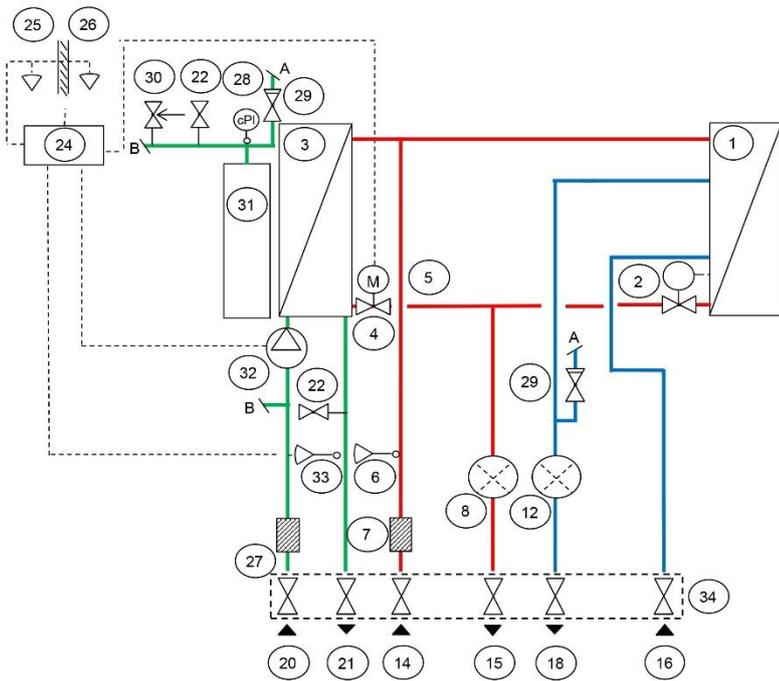
Picture 24

13.3 Mini ECO F3



Picture 25

13.4 Mini ECO F4



Picture 26

14 Service instructions



To avoid the risk of scalding, make sure that no-one draws any water while servicing the HIU.



Grey marked service actions must be carried out by an authorized service technician.

NOTE! Make sure that the HIU has been correctly installed.

14.1 Tap water service instructions

14.1.1 Tap water temperature too low

Reason	Action
Primary heating supply too low	<p>Check the primary inlet temperature</p> <p>The temperature can be checked by means of the energy meter (min 65 °C) or contact the primary heating medium provider.</p>
Handle on control valve incorrectly positioned	<p>Adjust the handle on the control valve</p> <p>Control the hot water temperature by turning the handle on the control valve, counter clockwise to increase and clockwise to decrease tap water temperature.</p> <p>Adjust the hot water temperature by having a hot water tap open at normal flow rate. Measure the temperature at the draw-off point with a thermometer. It takes about 20 seconds to get a stable tap water temperature.</p> <p>The temperature should be minimum 50 °C.</p> <p>Cetetherm recommends that the primary inlet temperature is at least 10 °C higher than the tap water temperature.</p> <p>NOTE: Make sure that no cold water is mixed with the hot water while making this adjustment.</p> <p>Seal the hot water actuator after setting.</p>
Filter for heating media clogged	<p>See 16.1 <i>Cleaning the heating media filter.</i></p>
Hot water valve does not work	<p>See 15.1 <i>Check the function of the valve for hot water.</i></p>

14.1.2 Tap water temperature too high

Reason	Action
Handle on control valve incorrectly positioned	<p>Adjust the handle on the control valve</p> <p>Control the hot water temperature by turning the handle on the control valve, counter clockwise to increase and clockwise to decrease tap water temperature.</p> <p>Adjust the hot water temperature by having a hot water tap open at normal flow rate. Measure the temperature at the draw-off point with a thermometer. It takes about 20 seconds to get a stable tap water temperature.</p> <p>The temperature should be minimum 50 °C.</p> <p>Cetetherm recommends that the primary inlet temperature is at least 10° higher than the tap water temperature.</p> <p>NOTE: Make sure that no cold water is mixed with the hot water while making this adjustment.</p> <p>Seal the hot water actuator after setting.</p>
Hot water valve and/or actuator does not work	<p>See 15.1 Check the function of the valve for hot water</p> <p>If the water temperature is too high when the handle is in position 0, the actuator or the exchanger is damaged and requires replacing.</p>

14.1.3 Hot water temperature unstable or too low

Reason	Action
Alternating pressure on primary side	Check available differential pressure and temperature at the primary heating medium provider
Filter for heating media clogged	See 16.1 Cleaning the heating media filter.
Check valve DHWC defect	<p>Check and change if necessary</p> <p>See 16.10 Change the DHWC check valve.</p>

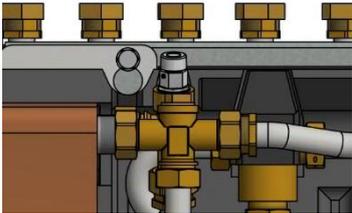
14.2 Heating system service instructions

14.2.1 Heating system temperature too high or too low

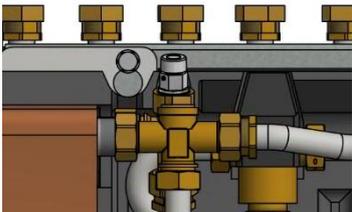
Reason	Action
The heating control equipment may need to be adjusted	<p>Check and adjust the heating curve</p> <p>If needed the set heating curve can be fine-tuned. Increase/ decrease the room temperature by parallel adjust the heating curve.</p> <p>Control panel Round</p> <p>See 6.3 Changing control mode, OTC heating curve and max supply temperature.</p> <p>Control panel CM737</p> <p>See 9.2 Category 1 parameters: Control panel settings and change the selected heating curve with parameter 15 category 1.</p> <p>Also see section 8.5 <i>OTC heating curve</i> and 8.6 <i>Parallel adjustment of heating curve.</i></p>

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<p>Heating supply temperature sensor and outdoor temperature sensor does not work</p>	<p>Check that the heating supply temperature sensor and outdoor temperature sensor are correctly sited and working.</p> <p>Control panel Round: Supply temperature can only be viewed in control mode 4 and 5.</p> <p>Control panel CM737: To confirm that sensors are connected and operating, press the info button on the operator control panel, check that the specified temperatures are reasonable.</p>
<p>The pressure in the system is too low or there is not enough water in the heating system</p>	<p>Check the pressure on the manometer and top up the system with water The pressure should not be below 1.0 Bar in winter time or below 0.6 Bar in summer. The circuit should only be topped up with fresh water when necessary. The water used for topping up contains oxygen which can lead to corrosion in the system. The circuit should therefore be topped up as seldom as possible. Fill up by opening the top up valves until the pressure meter shows desired value, or up to maximum 2.0 Bar.</p> <p>Then close the top up valve. The safety valve opening pressure is 2.5 Bar.</p>
<p>Air in the heating system</p>	<p>Bleed the system Disconnect the HIU power supply cable. Bleed the heating system via the air vent valve.</p> <p>The pump is self-venting. Air in the pump may cause noise. This noise ceases after a few minutes run time. Bleed the radiators.</p>  <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Picture 29</i></p>
<p>Heating valve and/or actuator does not work</p>	<p>See 15.2 Check the function of the heating actuator and valve.</p>
<p>Filter for heating media clogged</p>	<p>See 16.1 Cleaning the heating media filter.</p>
<p>Differential pressure control valve incorrectly adjusted (option)</p>	<p>See 18.1 Differential pressure control valve, DPC</p>

14.2.2 No heating

Reason	Action
Closed radiator or floor heating valves	Check that all radiator valves and floor heating valves are fully open
Circulation pump not running	Check that the electrical power is on
	Check the circulation pump If the pump fails to start after stopping, try to start it at the highest setting. See 11.5 Fault finding pump .
	Check the heating parameters in room thermostat If measured outdoor temperature is higher than target temperature, the pump should not be operating. Control panel CM737 Check the heating parameters in operator control panel Summer reduction, parameter 2, category 2: If measured outdoor temperature is higher than target temperature, the pump should not be operating. Economy function, parameter 3, category 2: If the calculated water supply temperature is not greater than the outside temperature by this amount the heating will switch off. If parameter 3 is 0, the pump operation will not be affected by this parameter.
Heating supply temperature sensor and outdoor temperature sensor does not work	Check that the heating supply temperature sensor and outdoor temperature sensor are correctly sited and working. Control panel Round: Supply temperature can only be viewed in control mode 4 and 5. Control panel CM737: To confirm that sensors are connected and operating, press the info button on the operator control panel, check that the specified temperatures are reasonable.
The pressure in the system is too low or there is not enough water in the heating system	Check the pressure on the manometer and top up the system with water The pressure should not be below 1.0 Bar in winter time or below 0.6 Bar in summer. The circuit should only be topped up with fresh water when necessary. The water used for topping up contains oxygen which can lead to corrosion in the system. The circuit should therefore be topped up as seldom as possible. Fill up by opening the top up valves until the pressure meter shows desired value, or up to maximum 2.0 Bar. Then close the top up valve. The safety valve opening pressure is 2.5 Bar.
Air in the heating system	Bleed the system Disconnect the HIU power supply cable. Bleed the heating system via the air vent valve. The pump is self-venting. Air in the pump may cause noise. This noise ceases after a few minutes run time. Bleed the radiators. 

Picture 30

Cetetherm Mini ECO

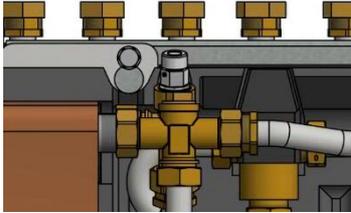
Installation, service and operating instruction

Filter for heating media clogged	See 16.1 Cleaning the heating media filter.
Differential pressure control valve incorrectly adjusted(option)	See 18.1 Differential pressure control valve, DPC

14.2.3 Heating temperature unstable

Reason	Action
Alternating pressure on primary side	Check available differential pressure and temperature at the primary heating medium provider
Heating supply temperature sensor and outdoor temperature sensor does not work	<p>Check that the heating supply temperature sensor and outdoor temperature sensor are correctly sited and working.</p> <p>Control panel Round: Supply temperature can only be viewed in control mode 4 and 5.</p> <p>Control panel CM737: To confirm that sensors are connected and operating, press the info button on the operator control panel, check that the specified temperatures are reasonable.</p>
Filter for heating media clogged	See 16.1 Cleaning the heating media filter.
Differential pressure control valve incorrectly adjusted (option)	See 18.1 Differential pressure control valve, DPC

14.2.4 Disturbing noise from the circulation pump or the radiator system

Reason	Action
Air in the system	<p>Bleed the system Disconnect the HIU power supply cable. Bleed the heating system via the air vent valve.</p> <p>The pump is self-venting. Air in the pump may cause noise. This noise ceases after a few minutes run time. Bleed the radiators.</p>  <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Picture 31</i></p>
Air in the pump	<p>Let the pump run The pump vents itself over time. Air in the pump may cause noise. This noise ceases after a few minutes run time.</p>
Pump runs with incorrect operating mode	<p>Check and change to recommended operating mode See 11.3 Changing the control mode.</p>
Pump motor or pump component damaged	<p>See 16.3 Change pump components or the complete pump.</p>
Differential pressure control valve set too high	<p>See 18.1 Differential pressure control valve, DPC.</p>

14.2.5 Heating system often needs topping up

Reason	Action
Leaks in the HIU or in the system	<p>Check the HIU and the system for leaks Leaks from the HIU or the heating system cause pressure drop. Contact your service technician if finding any leaks.</p>
The expansion vessel cannot handle the changes in the system	<p>See 15.3 Check the volume take-up and pressure equalizing of the expansion vessel.</p>
The heating system safety valve is leaking or does not work	<p>Check the heating system safety valve Check that the heating system safety valve is not leaking and that it works properly. Check the safety valves' function by turning the red wheel/knob until water runs out of the valve's waste pipe and then close the valve quickly.</p>

15 Service actions for the installer

15.1 Check the function of the valve for hot water



Service actions must be carried out by an authorized service technician.

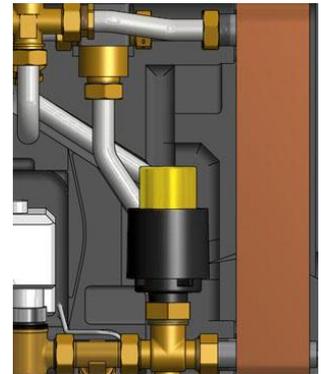


Close the shutoff valves for the **Heating network supply** and **Heating network return** together with the **cold** and **hot water**.

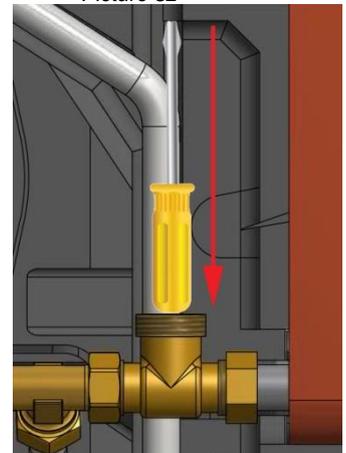


After finishing repair; open the shutoff valves. Start with **Heating network supply** and then the **return** line, to avoid pollutions in the system. Open the valves slowly to avoid pressure surges.

1. Disconnect the power feed to the HIU.
2. Close the shut-off valves.
3. Unscrew the tap water actuator from the control valve.
If the valve is working it should be fully open when the actuator is removed.
Check that hot water passes through the valve. Feel gently on a pipe after the valve.
4. Carefully press the valve's spindle with a tool and check the valve's travel and spring back.
NOTE: The valve may be very hot!
5. Turn the handle on the actuator; a small dip should move in and out. If the dip does not move the actuator is damaged and requires replacing.
6. Connect the power feed to the HIU.
7. Open the shutoff valves.



Picture 32



Picture 33

15.2 Check the function of the heating actuator and valve



Service actions must be carried out by an authorized service technician.



The room thermostat must be without current when manoeuvring the actuator by hand.

Check the actuator by pulling out the electrical cable and refit it again; this will start an automatic self-test off the actuator.

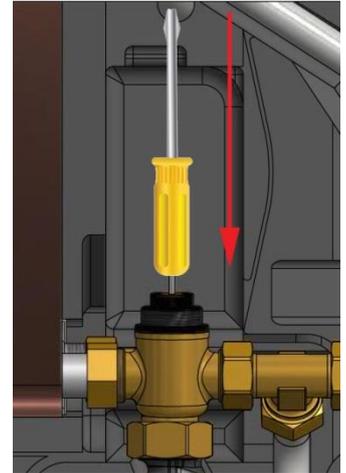
See [4.14 Starting up sequence for Mini ECO with component check](#).

Check the flow using the energy meter while test-running the valve. If no energy meter is available, disconnect the heating actuator from the valve. Close the actuator by turning the knob clockwise, this will make it easier to reattach

If the valve is working it should be fully open when the actuator is removed.

Carefully depress the valve's spindle with a tool and check the valve's travel and spring back.

Note! The valve may be very hot



Picture 34

15.3 Check the volume take-up and pressure equalizing of the expansion vessel

Check the expansion vessel for possible leakage.

The cause may be that the expansion vessel cannot manage the volume changes on the heating side. The expansion vessel may have to be replaced.

See [16.11 Change the expansion vessel](#).

Alternatively, the system's total volume of water may be too high, i.e. the volume changes are too large for the expansion vessel. If so, add extra expansion volume.

16 Maintenance and repairs

When carrying out repairs, please contact your local service partner.



Before starting out repairs always close the correct shutoff valves.



When dismantling a component there will be water coming out, hot and under pressure.

16.1 Cleaning the heating media filter



Service actions must be carried out by an authorized service technician.



The temperature and the pressure of the district heating water are very high. Only qualified technicians can work with the district heating HIU. Incorrect operation may cause serious personal injury and result in damage to the building.

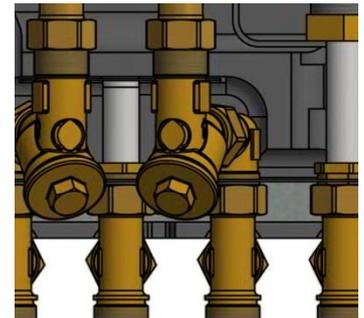


Before starting out repairs close the **heating network supply** and **heating network return** shutoff valves.



After finishing repair; open the shutoff valves. Start with **heating network supply** and then the **return** line, to avoid pollutions in the system. Open the valves slowly to avoid pressure surges.

1. Disconnect the power feed to the HIU.
2. Close the shut-off valves.
3. Use a wrench and release the filter cover and remove the cartridge.
4. Clean the filter with water and refit the cartridge. Screw the filter cover with a momentum of 10–20 Nm.
5. Open the shutoff valves and connect the power feed to the HIU.



Picture 35

16.2 Cleaning the heating circuit filter



Service actions must be carried out by an authorized service technician.



Before starting out repairs, close the shutoff valves **heating network supply, heating network return, heating supply and heating return**.

Release the pressure using the heating circuit safety valve.

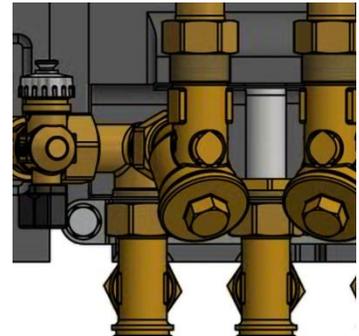


After finishing repair, fill up the circuit and vent.

Open the shutoff valves, start with **heating network supply** and then the **return** line, to avoid pollutions in the system. Then open **heat return** and then **supply**.

Open the valves slowly to avoid pressure surges.

1. Disconnect the power feed to the HIU.
2. Close the shut-off valves.
3. Use a wrench and release the filter cover and remove the cartridge.
4. Clean the filter with water and refit the cartridge. Screw the filter cover with a momentum of 10–20 Nm.
5. Fill up the heating circuit using the topping up valve, vent the heating circuit.
6. After final bleeding, the pressure should not be less than 1.0 bar in winter and not less than 0.6 bar in summer.
7. Open the shutoff valves and connect the power feed to the HIU.



Picture 36

16.3 Change pump components or the complete pump



Maintenance and repairs must be carried out by an authorized service technician.



Before starting out repairs, close the shutoff valves **heating network supply**, **heating network return**, **heating supply** and **heating return**.

Release the pressure using the heating safety valve.



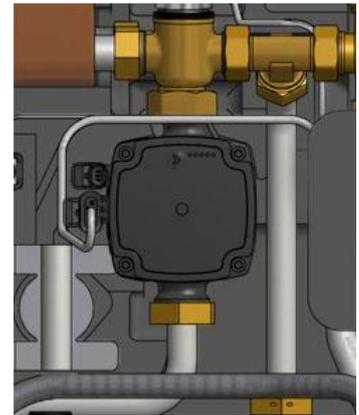
After finishing repair; fill up the heating circuit and vent.

Open the shutoff valves, start with **heating return** and then **heating supply**, then **heating network Supply** and **heating network return**, to avoid pollutions in the system.

Open the valves slowly to avoid pressure surges.

Change the complete pump or just change the pump motor.

1. Disconnect the power feed to the HIU, disconnect the power cable to the pump.
2. Close the shut-off valves.
3. Choose alternative a or b.
 - a) When changing the complete pump, release the brass nuts with a spanner and replace the pump. Connect the pump cable.
 - b) Only changing the motor, release it by unscrewing four sockets head cap screws and replace the motor. Connect the pump cable.
4. Fill up the heating circuit using the top up valves. Vent the heating circuit.
5. Open the shut-off valves and connect the power feed to the HIU.
6. After final bleeding, the pressure should not be less than 1.0 bar in winter and not less than 0.6 bar in summer.



Picture 37

16.4 Change the hot water actuator and heat exchanger



The temperature and the pressure of the district heating water are very high. Only qualified technicians can work with the district heating HIU. Incorrect operation may cause serious personal injury and result in damage to the building.

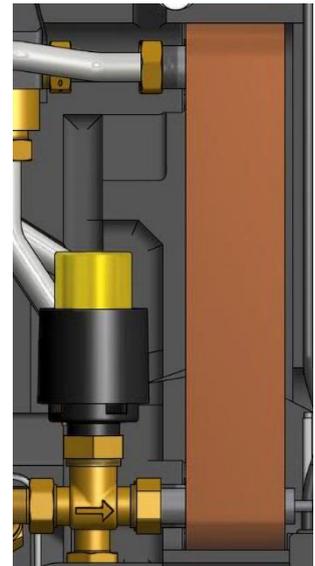


Before starting out repairs close the **heating network supply** and **heating network return** shutoff valves.



After finishing repair; open the shutoff valves. Start with **heating network supply** and then the **return** line, to avoid pollutions in the system. Open the valves slowly to avoid pressure surges.

1. Disconnect the power feed to the HIU.
2. Close the shut-off valves.
3. Unscrew the actuator from the control valve.
4. Release the four nuts on the heat exchanger.
5. Refit a new heat exchanger and actuator. Use new gaskets and tighten with 45Nm.
6. Mount the actuator on the valve.
7. Open the shutoff valves and connect the power feed to the HIU.



Picture 38

16.5 Change the hot water valve



The temperature and the pressure of the district heating water are very high. Only qualified technicians can work with the district heating HIU. Incorrect operation may cause serious personal injury and result in damage to the building.

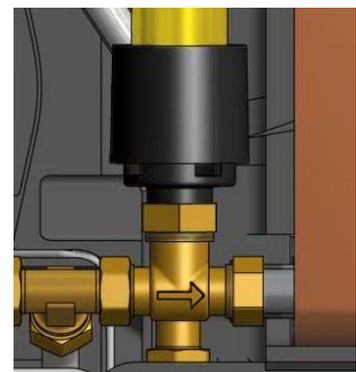


Before starting out repairs close the **heating network supply** and **heating network return** shutoff valves.



After finishing repair; open the shutoff valves. Start with **heating network supply** and then the **return** line, to avoid pollutions in the system. Open the valves slowly to avoid pressure surges.

1. Disconnect the power feed to the HIU.
2. Close the shut-off valves.
3. Unscrew the tap water actuator from the control valve.
4. Use a spanner to remove the control valve. **Note** the arrow direction on the valve.
5. Mount a new valve; and take especially care to the arrow direction. Use new gaskets and tighten with 45Nm.
6. Fasten the tap water actuator on the valve.
7. Open the shutoff valves and connect the power feed to the HIU.



Picture 39

Cetetherm Mini ECO

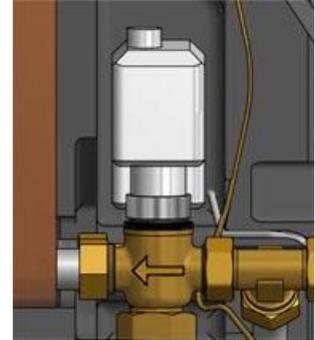
Installation, service and operating instruction

16.6 Change the heating actuator



Maintenance and repairs must be carried out by an authorized service technician.

1. Disconnect the electrical power supply.
2. Disconnect the cable from heating actuator in the connection box.
3. Unscrew the heating actuator from the valve, the valve closes.
4. Cut off all straps that holds the actuator cable.
5. Make sure that new actuator is closed by turning the knob clockwise to the closing position. Fasten the actuator, use only hand power.
6. Replace cable and straps.
7. Connect the power feed to the HIU.
8. Check the function of the actuator during start up.



Picture 40

16.7 Change the heating valve



Maintenance and repairs must be carried out by an authorized service technician.



The temperature and the pressure of the district heating water are very high. Only qualified technicians can work with the district heating HIU. Incorrect operation may cause serious personal injury and result in damage to the building.

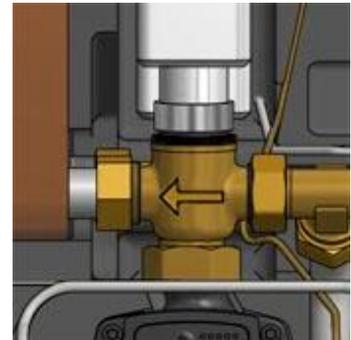


Before starting out repairs close the **heating network supply** and **heating network return** shutoff valves.



After finishing repair; open the shutoff valves. Start with **heating network supply** and then the **return** line, to avoid pollutions in the system. Open the valves slowly to avoid pressure surges.

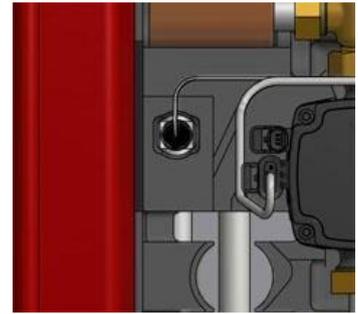
1. Disconnect the power feed to the HIU.
2. Close the shut-off valves.
3. Unscrew the heating actuator from the control valve.
4. Use a wrench to remove the control valve.
Note the arrow direction on the valve.
5. Mount a new valve; and take especially care to the arrow direction.
Use new gaskets and tighten with 45Nm.
6. Close the actuator by turning the knob clockwise to the closing position. Fasten the actuator, use only hand power.
7. Open the shutoff valves and connect the power feed to the HIU.



Picture 41

16.8 Change the heating circuit supply temperature sensor

1. Disconnect the power feed to the HIU.
2. Close the heating actuator by turning the knob clockwise to its closing position.
3. Disconnect the quick-connect terminals and replace the sensor with a new one.
4. Connect the power feed to the HIU.
5. Check the sensors value on the control panel after 5 min.



Picture 42

16.9 Change the outdoor temperature sensor

1. Disconnect the power feed to the HIU.
2. Close the heating actuator by turning the knob clockwise to its closing position.
3. Unscrew the lid of the outdoor temperature sensor by turning it anti-clockwise.
4. Unscrew the cables and loosen the cable fitting.
5. Install a new outdoor temperature sensor.
6. Connect the power feed to the HIU.
7. Check the sensors value on the control panel after 5 min.



Picture 43

16.10 Change the DHWC check valve



Maintenance and repairs must be carried out by an authorized service technician.

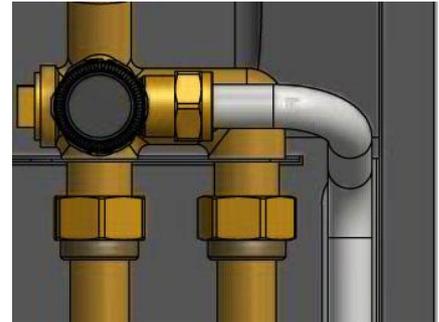


Before starting out repairs, close the shutoff valves **heating network supply, heating network return, cold-water and hot water**.
Release the pressure using the DHWC safety valve.



After finishing repair; fill up the hot water circuit and vent.
Open the shutoff valves, start with **heating network Supply** and then **heating network return**, to avoid pollutions in the system. Open the valves slowly to avoid pressure surges.

1. Disconnect the power feed to the HIU.
2. Close the shut-off valves.
3. Use a wrench and unscrew the pipe between the cold water flow meter and safety valve hot water.
4. Remove the old check valve and mount a new.
NOTE! Make sure that the check valve is mounted in the correct way.



Picture 45

Flow direction



Picture 44

5. Mount the pipe again.
6. Open the shutoff valves cold and hot water.
7. Vent the circuit by opening a hot water tap.
8. Connect the power feed to the HIU. Open the shutoff valves heating network Supply and then heating network return.

16.11 Change the expansion vessel



Maintenance and repairs must be carried out by an authorized service technician.



Before starting out repairs, close the shutoff valves **heating network supply, heating network return, heating supply and heating return**.
Release the pressure using the heating circuit safety valve.



After finishing repair, fill up the circuit and vent.
Then open the shutoff valves, start with **heating network supply** and then the **return** line, to avoid pollutions in the system.
Then open **heat return** and then **supply**. Open the valves slowly to avoid pressure surges.

1. Disconnect the power feed to the HIU.
2. Close the shut-off valves.
3. Replace the expansion vessel.
4. Fill up the heating circuit using the topping up valve, vent the heating circuit.
5. Open the shutoff valves and connect the power feed to the HIU.
6. After final bleeding, the pressure should not be less than 1.0 bar in winter and not less than 0.6 bar in summer.

16.12 Change the differential pressure control valve



Maintenance and repairs must be carried out by an authorized service technician.



The temperature and the pressure of the district heating water are very high. Only qualified technicians can work with the district heating HIU. Incorrect operation may cause serious personal injury and result in damage to the building



Before starting out repairs close the heating network supply and heating network return shutoff valves



After finishing repair; open the shutoff valves. Start with heating network supply and then the return line, to avoid pollutions in the system. Open the valves slowly to avoid pressure surges.

1. Disconnect the power feed to the HIU.
2. Close the shut-off valves.
3. Use a spanner to remove the differential pressure control valve.
Note the position of the P/T plugs on the valve.
4. Mount a new valve; and take especially care to the P/T plugs position.
Use new gaskets and tighten with 45Nm.
5. Open the shutoff valves and connect the power feed to the HIU.



Picture 46

17 Operating data and performance

Primary side:	Primary side	Heating	DHW
Design pressure PS	16 Bar	10 bar	10 Bar
Design temperature TS	120°C	90°C	90°C
Relief pressure safety-valve UK		3 Bar	6 Bar
Relief pressure safety-valve (not UK)	-	2,5 Bar	9 Bar
Volume Heat exchanger, L	0,38/0,45	0,46 L	0,48 L

Temperature program (°C)									
Heating	Capacity kW	CB type	Plates no	Plates primary	Plates secondary	Flow P l/s	dPp kPa	Flow S l/s	dPs kPa
100-63/60-80	14	18	15*	1*7AH	1*7AL	0,09	5	0,17	6
100-48/45-60(46,2)	16	18	15*	1*7AH	1*7AL	0,07	3	0,26	14
100-43/40-60(42,6)	22	18	15*	1*7AH	1*7AL	0,09	5	0,26	15
100-33/30-35 (30,2)	6	18	15*	1*7AH	1*7AL	0,02	1	0,29	18
85-47/45-60	14	18	15*	1*7AH	1*7AL	0,09	5	0,22	11
80-63/60-70 (62,5)	11	18	15*	1*7AH	1*7AL	0,15	13	0,26	15
80-60/50-70(57,5)	17	18	15*	1*7AH	1*7AL	0,18	19	0,20	9
80-33/30-35(30,2)	6	18	15*	1*7AH	1*7AL	0,03	1	0,29	18
100-63/60-80	24	18	23	1*11AH	1*11AL	0,15	6	0,29	8
100-48/45-60(45,8)	21	18	23	1*11AH	1*11AL	0,09	2	0,34	11
100-43/40-60(41,7)	27	18	23	1*11AH	1*11AL	0,11	3	0,32	10
100-33/30-35 (30,2)	6,5	18	23	1*11AH	1*11AL	0,02	1	0,31	10
85-47/45-60 (46,5)	19	18	23	1*11AH	1*11AL	0,12	4	0,30	9
80-63/60-70 (61,7)	13	18	23	1*11AH	1*11AL	0,17	7	0,31	9
80-60/50-70(56,0)	22	18	23	1*11AH	1*11AL	0,22	12	0,26	7
80-33/30-35(30,2)	6,5	18	23	1*11AH	1*11AL	0,03	1	0,31	10

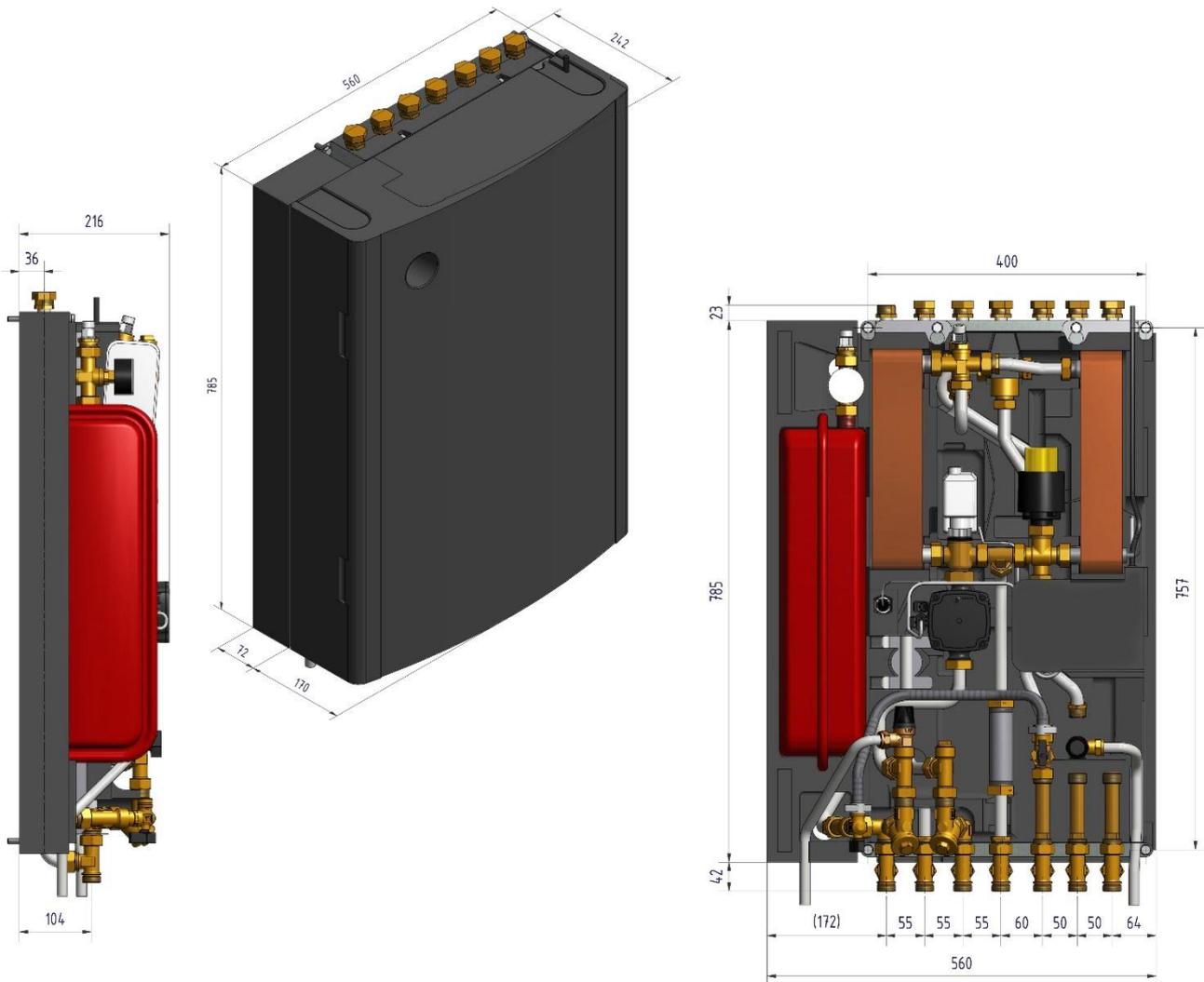
Temperature program (°C)									
DHW	Capacity kW	CB type	Plates no	Plates primary	Plates secondary	Flow P l/s	dPp kPa	Flow S l/s	dPs kPa
80-25/10-60	62	20	27*	1*12 H	1*13 H	0,27	17	0,3	17,5
80-23/10-55(22,7)	67	20	27*	1*12 H	1*13 H	0,28	18	0,35	24,7
65-22/10-50	43	20	27*	1*12 H	1*13 H	0,24	13	0,26	14
65-25/10-50 (23,3)	50	20	27*	1*12 H	1*13 H	0,29	19	0,3	18
60-25/10-50	40	20	27*	1*12 H	1*13 H	0,27	17	0,24	12
80-25/10-60 (23,0)	69	20	35	1*16 H	1*17 H	0,29	11	0,33	13
80-25/10-55 (21,0)	75	20	35	1*16 H	1*17 H	0,30	12	0,4	19
65-25/10-50 (23,1)	67	20	35	1*16 H	1*17 H	0,38	19	0,4	19
65-22/10-50 (20,1)	50	20	35	1*16 H	1*17 H	0,27	10	0,3	11
60-25/10-50 (24,1)	50	20	35	1*16 H	1*17 H	0,33	15	0,3	11

Mini ECO 2018-01-25, WRAS 2021-03-23

17.1 Technical Data

Main measures	See Measure sketch
• With cover	560x240x850 (mm, WxDxH)
• Without cover	560x220x850 (mm, WxDxH)
Weight	26kg, cover 2kg
Electrical data	230 V, 1-phase, 50 W
Transportation	Total weight 32 kg, 0.2 m ³
Sound level	<55 dB (A) 1.6 m from floor, 1 m from unit

17.2 Measure sketch



Picture 47

18 Options

The mounting instructions are described for a new installation. If the kits are to be installed on an already installed subsystem, release the water pressure and disconnect the electrical power supply before starting. The options must be installed by an authorized installation contractor.

18.1 Differential pressure control valve, DPC

Note: Differential pressure control is not available on all models.



Adjusting the DPC must be carried out by an authorized service technician.

18.1.1 Setting the DPC valve

Set the valve to the differential pressure 60 kPa.

Settings lower than 60 kPa will affect the functionality.

Start with the valve at minimum position and then open with 19 numbers of turns.

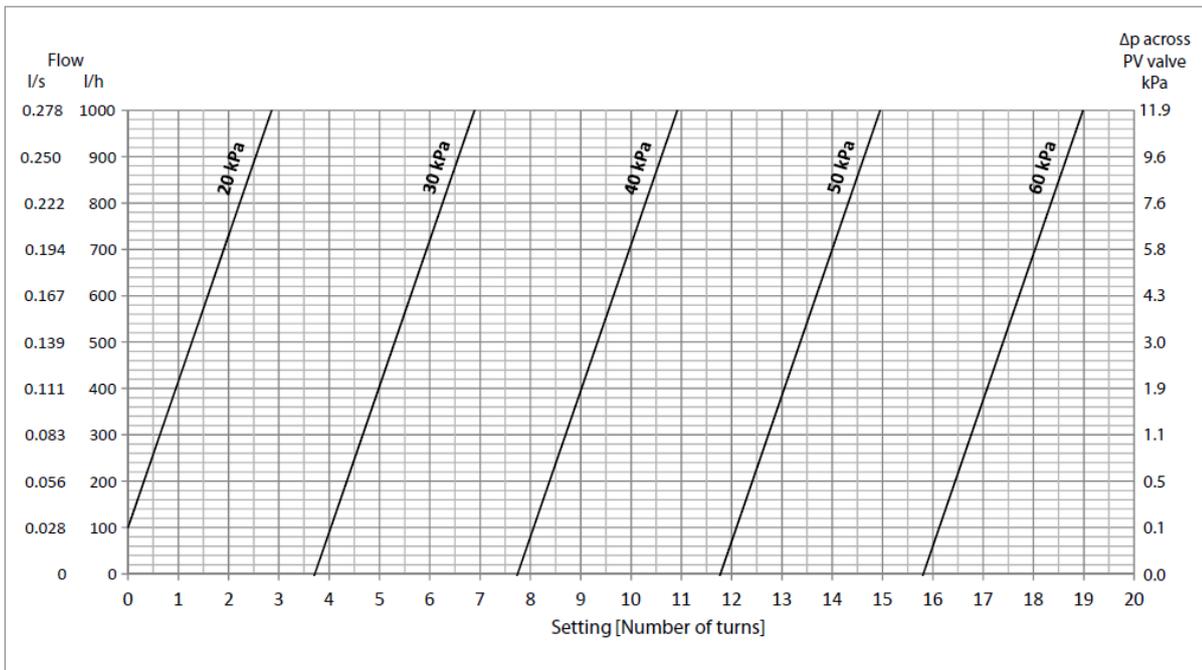
Use a 4mm hexagonal key.

NOTE: Always start from the minimum position of the valve, before making new settings.



Picture 48

18.1.2 Flow rate graph of the DPC



Picture 49

18.2 Safety thermostat

Heating system sensitive to high temperatures for example under floor heating must be equipped with a safety thermostat. If the heating system is not equipped with the thermostat, the under-floor heating system and floors in general might get damaged.

1. Disconnect the HIU electrical power supply cable. Disconnect the electrical plug on the circulation pump.
2. Connect the new power supply cable from the electrical box to the circulation pump.
3. Reconnect the existing power supply cable to the connection on the electrical box.
4. Attach all electrical wires with the necessary number of straps. It is important not to attach electrical wires on primary heating pipes and sharp edges.
5. Change parameters and recommended settings before starting up the system with a safety thermostat



Picture 50

18.2.1 Parameters and recommended settings for under floor heating

The following changes must be done before starting up Mini ECO with a safety thermostat.

1. Change the pump operating mode to constant pressure.
See [11.3 Changing the control mode](#).

Control panel Round:

1. Change the supply temperature to maximum 45 °C.
See [6.3 Changing control mode, OTC heating curve and max supply temperature](#).
2. Change room thermostat heat curve to 5.
See [6.3 Changing control mode, OTC heating curve and max supply temperature](#).

Control panel CM737:

Parameter	Parameter N.o	Set to	Optional Setting	
			Display	Description
Category 1 parameters: Control panel settings				
OTC heat curve	15:OC	5	1 to 40	Set OTC heating curve
Category 2 parameters: ECO-functions				
ECO function Economy function in OTC mode	3:Pd	0	0 to 20	Difference between outside and calculated heating supply temperature. If the difference is less than 3:Pd value, the heating will be switch off. 0: function not active.
Category 3 parameters: Setting and displaying sensor values				
Maximum supply temperature set point	1:CH	45	30 to 80	Maximum supply temp set point for heating.

Cetetherm Mini ECO

Installation, service and operating instruction

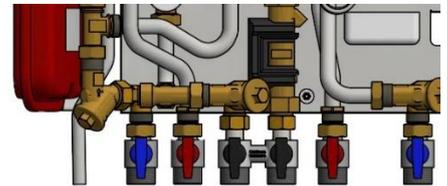
18.3 Valve kit with service bypass

The Service bypass makes it possible to flush the pipes *Heating Network media, supply and return*, when the HIU is mounted.

	Maintenance and repairs must be carried out by an authorized service technician.
	The temperature and the pressure of the district heating water are very high. Only qualified technicians can work with the district heating HIU. Incorrect operation may cause serious personal injury and result in damage to the building.
	Before starting out repairs close the heating network supply and heating network return shutoff valves.
	When opening the the shutoff valves, start with heating network Supply and then heating network return , to avoid pollutions in the system. Open the valves slowly to avoid pressure surges.

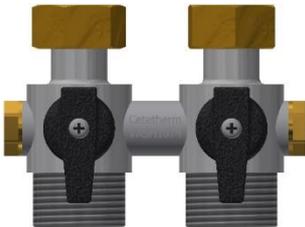
18.3.1 Pipe connection down

1. Connect the service bypass valves between connection *heating network media supply (14)* and *heating network media return (15)*. Tighten with 45 Nm.



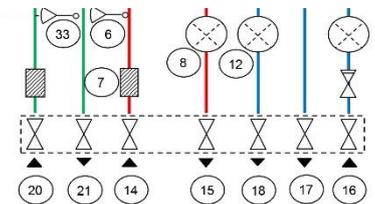
Picture 51

2. With the valves open, *heating network media supply* and *return* are connected to the HIU.



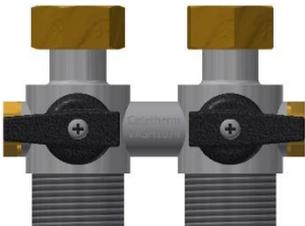
Open - handle in vertical position.

Picture 52



Picture 53

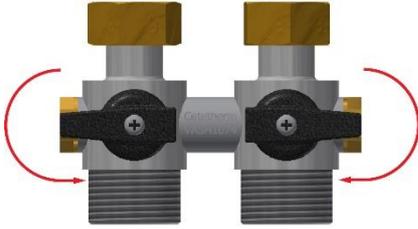
3. With the valves in closed position, *heating network media supply* and return are not connected to the HIU.



Closed – handle in horizontal position, pointing in the opposite direction

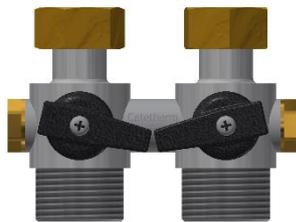
Picture 54

- To use the bypass function, loosen the screw that holds the handle. Make approximately 2 turns.
NOTE- do not unscrew completely!
- Lift the handle and turn the left handle counter clockwise and the right handle clockwise.



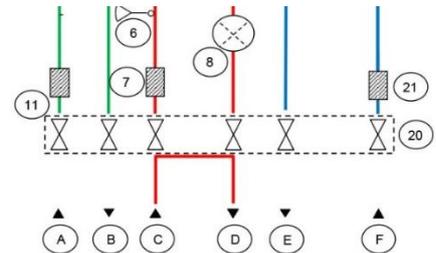
Picture 55

- With the valves in bypass position, the pipes for *heating network media supply* and *return*, are connected.



Picture 56

Bypass –handle pointing toward each other

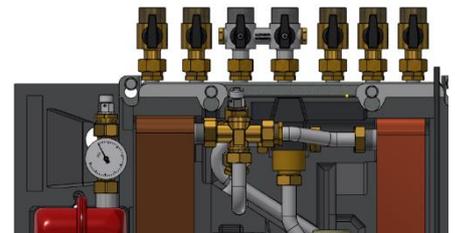


Picture 57

- After flushing the pipes, turn the handle to closed position and tighten the screws.
- Then open the shut off valves, start with *heating network supply* and then *heating network return*, to avoid pollutions in the system. Open the valves slowly to avoid pressure surges.

18.3.2 Pipe connection up

- Connect the service bypass valves between connection *heating network media supply (14)* and *heating network media return (15)*.
Tighten with 45 Nm.



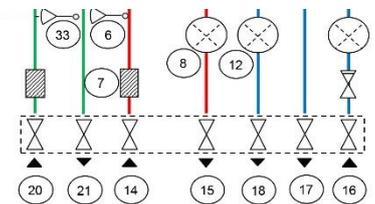
Picture 58

- With the valves open, *heating network media supply* and *return* are connected to the HIU.



Picture 59

Open - handle in vertical position.



Picture 60

Cetetherm Mini ECO

Installation, service and operating instruction

3. With the valves in closed position, *heating network media supply* and return are not connected to the HIU.



Closed – handle in horizontal position, pointing in the opposite direction

Picture 61

4. To use the bypass function, loosen the screw that holds the handle. Make approximately 2 turns. **NOTE**- do not unscrew completely!
5. Lift the handle and turn the left handle counter clockwise and the right handle counter clockwise.



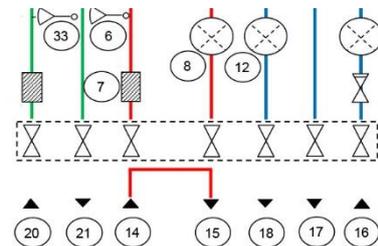
Picture 62

6. With the valves in bypass position, the pipes for *heating network media supply* and return, are connected.



Bypass – handle pointing toward each other

Picture 63



Picture 64

7. After flushing the pipes, turn the handle to closed position and tighten the screws.
8. Then open the shut off valves, start with *heating network supply* and then *heating network return*, to avoid pollutions in the system. Open the valves slowly to avoid pressure surges.

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